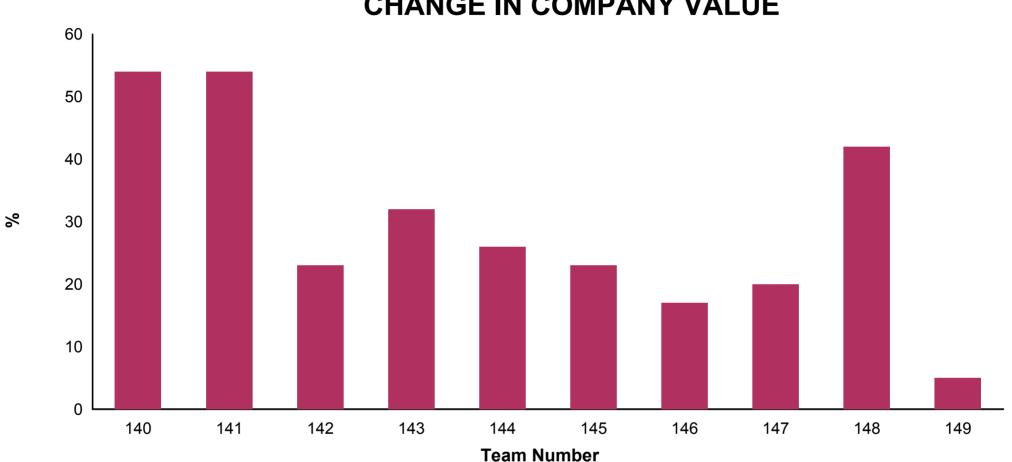


COMPARATIVE ASSESSMENT OF TEAMS REPORT FOR WSP

			CURRENT POSITION				DURING TIME IN CHARGE										
								PROCUR	EMENT	JOB PROGRESSION			COMPANY PROFITABILITY			COMPANY VALUE	
No.	Name	No. of pers	Chg in Value	Chg in Share Price Value	F/ward W/load	F/ward Margin	Market Share	Average value of work won each period	Average margin in jobs won	Average t/over each period	Average amount job profit each period	job profit	Average amount gross profit each period	Average amount overhead cost each period	Average amount operating profit each period	Average dividend paid each period	Average change in company value each period
140	The MARTians	8	54 %	135 %	47.8 m	3.3 %	31 %	19.6 m	3.7 %	15.4 m	1.0 m	6.7 %	947,927	247,460	552,587	211,875	332,664
141	We Solve Problems	8	54 %	129 %	17.5 m	3.5 %	22 %	15.9 m	4.0 %	15.6 m	0.9 m	6.2 %	901,436	197,188	555,724	209,125	329,958
142	Transatlantic Innovators:	8	23 %	72 %	30.4 m	3.7 %	29 %	15.6 m	3.9 %	13.6 m	0.7 m	5.2 %	650,293	206,705	342,182	190,867	140,897
143	Nobles Across the Pond (8	32 %	115 %	37.5 m	3.6 %	22 %	15.9 m	3.9 %	13.1 m	0.8 m	6.5 %	773,876	220,734	434,560	222,675	199,864
144	Brickheads	8	26 %	69 %	32.7 m	3.6 %	19 %	14.6 m	3.9 %	12.3 m	0.6 m	4.8 %	554,129	155,158	311,064	137,250	162,642
145	Transatlantic Titans	8	23 %	85 %	31.5 m	3.4 %	18 %	15.1 m	3.8 %	13.0 m	0.6 m	4.5 %	551,914	168,545	291,713	136,144	140,866
146	Constructify	8	17 %	38 %	34.9 m	3.3 %	22 %	14.5 m	3.7 %	11.9 m	0.5 m	4.6 %	496,681	231,108	208,341	79,275	106,581
147	We're Serious Profession	8	20 %	88 %	33.8 m	3.3 %	27 %	16.5 m	3.7 %	14.1 m	0.6 m	4.1 %	549,342	177,091	292,051	153,662	120,372
148	Cs get degrees	8	42 %	32 %	39.1 m	3.5 %	19 %	17.4 m	3.9 %	14.3 m	0.7 m	5.1 %	682,934	216,479	367,706	105,000	257,560
149	Team Cadre	8	5 %	28 %	18.0 m	3.1 %	17 %	12.0 m	3.5 %	11.6 m	0.4 m	3.4 %	373,163	160,274	149,168	111,125	29,354

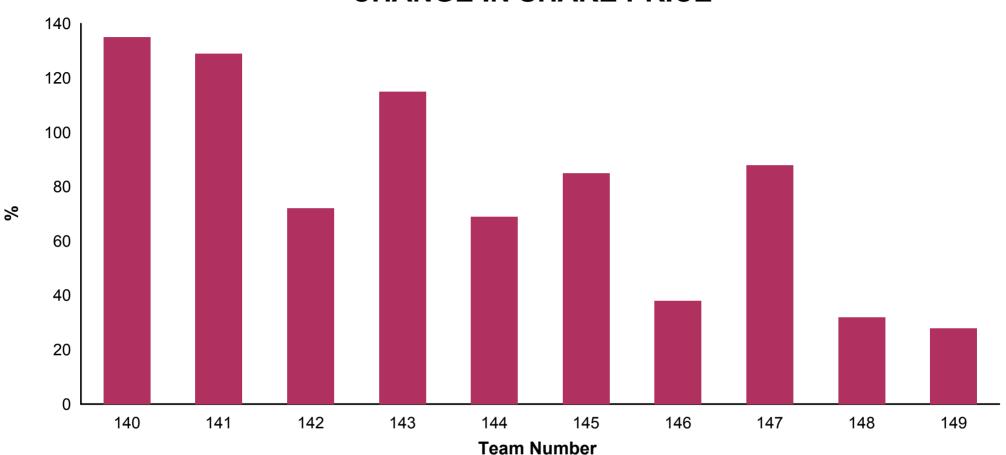
CURRENT POSITION



CHANGE IN COMPANY VALUE

The key to growing the business successfully is in improving its value.

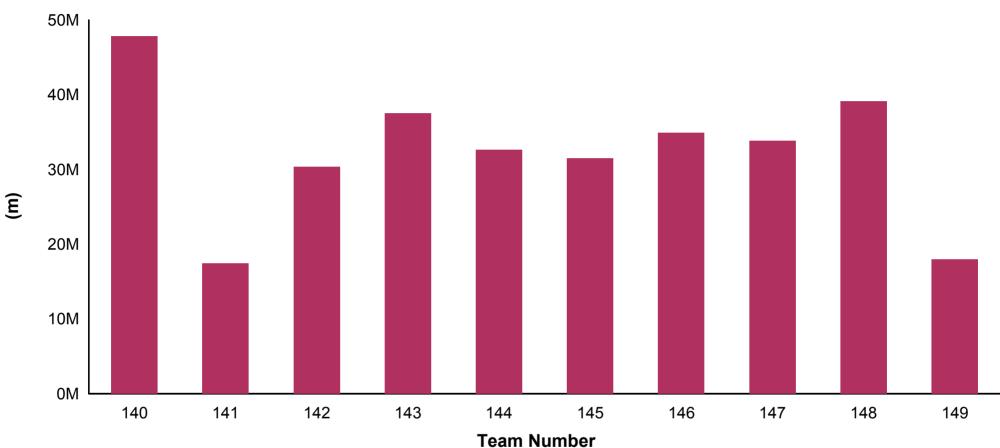
This is achieved by winning plenty of new work, progressing jobs profitably and keeping overhead costs under control.



CHANGE IN SHARE PRICE

The company's share price is one of the key performance indicators in measuring the success or failure of the company, with a rising share price signifying increasing industry confidence in the fortunes of the company.

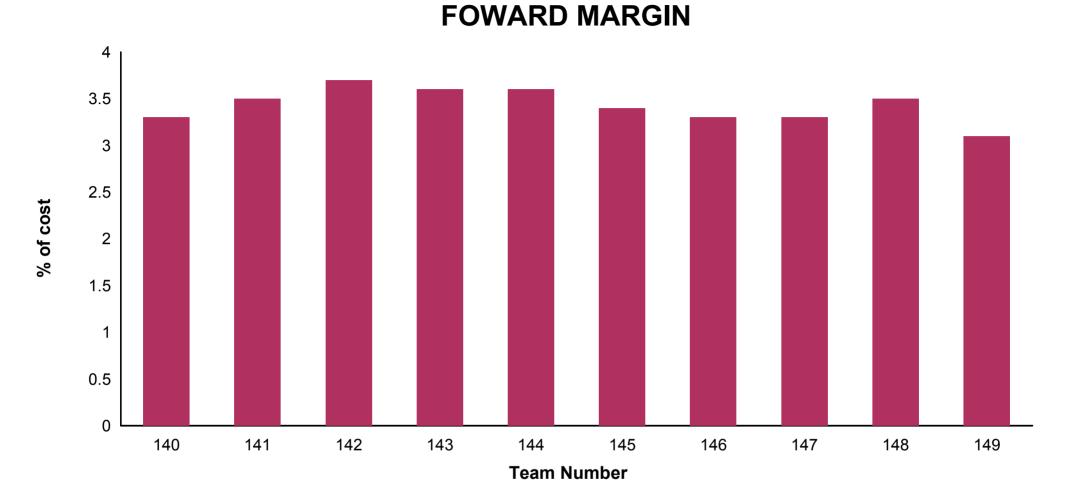
The share price is influenced by the level of dividend paid to the shareholders, the value of the company, the future profitability of the company and the debt burden (gearing ratio) of the company.



FOWARD WORKLOAD

As well as past performance, the future outlook in terms of forward workload is key to the future prosperity of the business.

CURRENT POSITION: Forward Margin



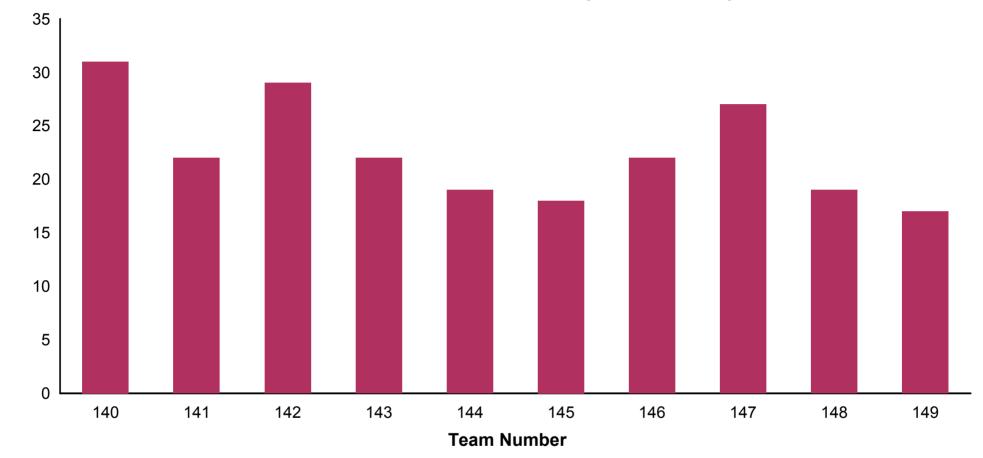
Forward workload needs to be profitable, and the forward margin measures this.

DURING TIME IN CHARGE

IDENTIFYING NEW WORK

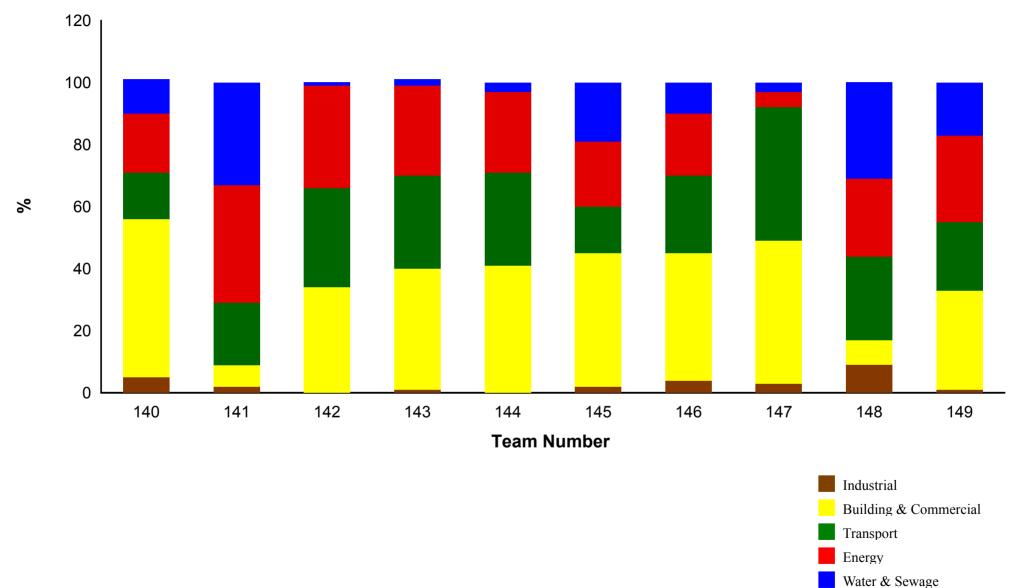
Market share is increased by identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas)

MARKET SHARE (OVERALL)

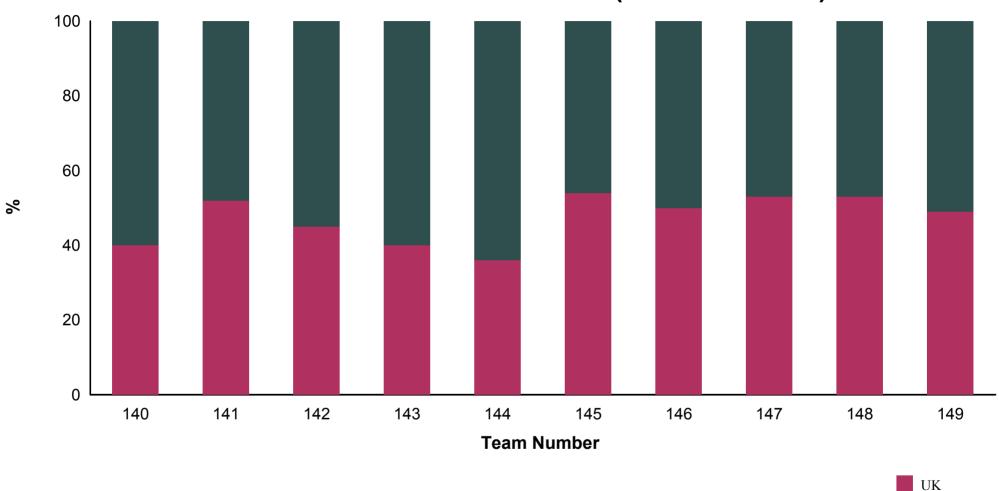


Developing an effective marketing strategy, and identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas) is critical to enable the business to grow by securing jobs through competitive bidding.

% of market identified



MARKET SHARE SPLIT (BY SECTOR)



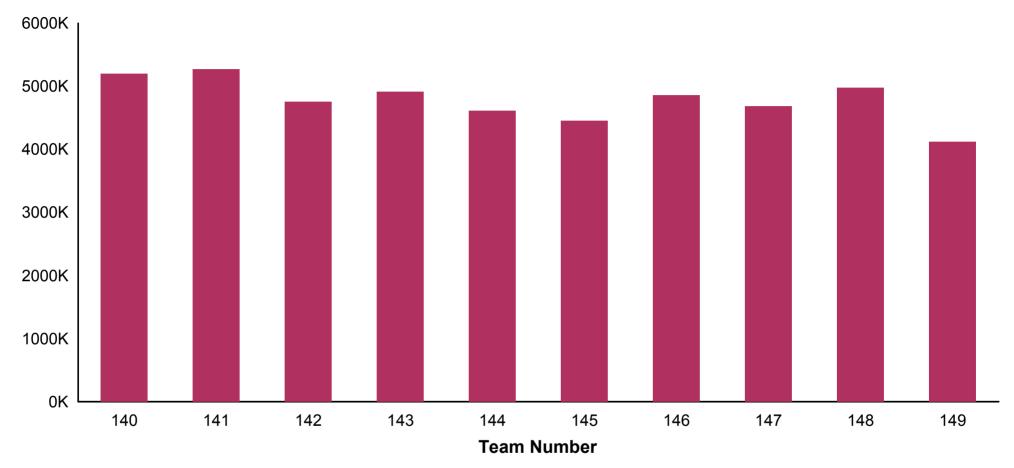
MARKET SHARE SPLIT (BY LOCATION)

Overseas

DURING TIME IN CHARGE

EXPANDING THE COMPANY INFRASTRUCTURE

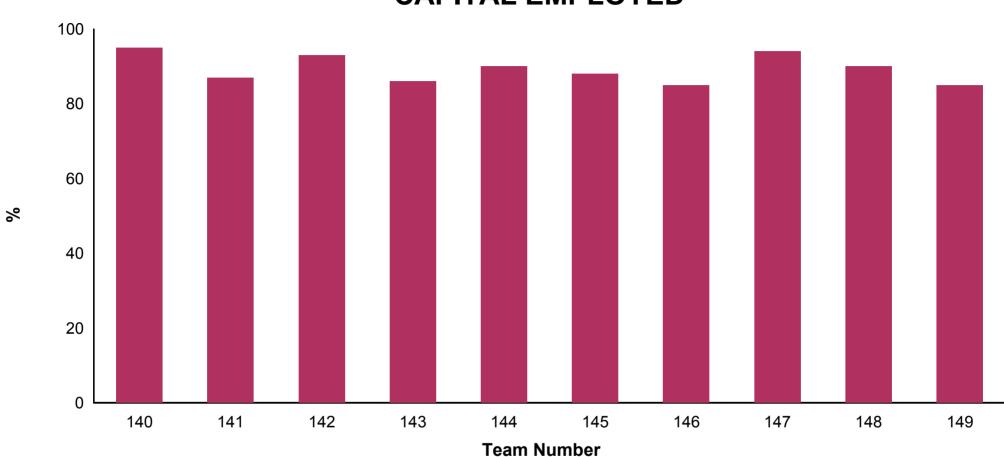
Having identified new work through the marketing decisions, the amount of new work that could be potentially won depends upon the size of the company's infrastructure, or capital base.



AVERAGE CAPITAL BASE SIZE EACH PERIOD

Expanding the company's capital base (infrastructure) enables more work to be underaken, and potentially more growth.

DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Capital Employed



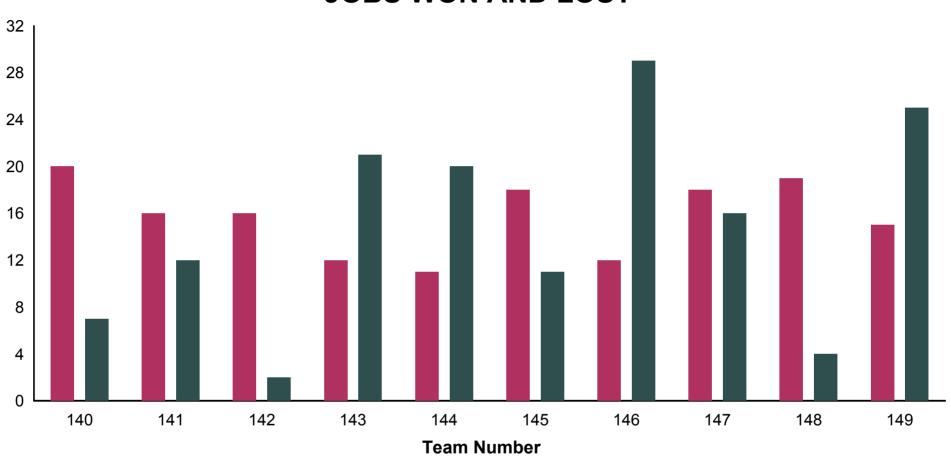
The Capital Employed measures how much of the company's capital base (infrastructure) is being utilised through winning new work.

CAPITAL EMPLOYED

DURING TIME IN CHARGE

WINNING NEW WORK

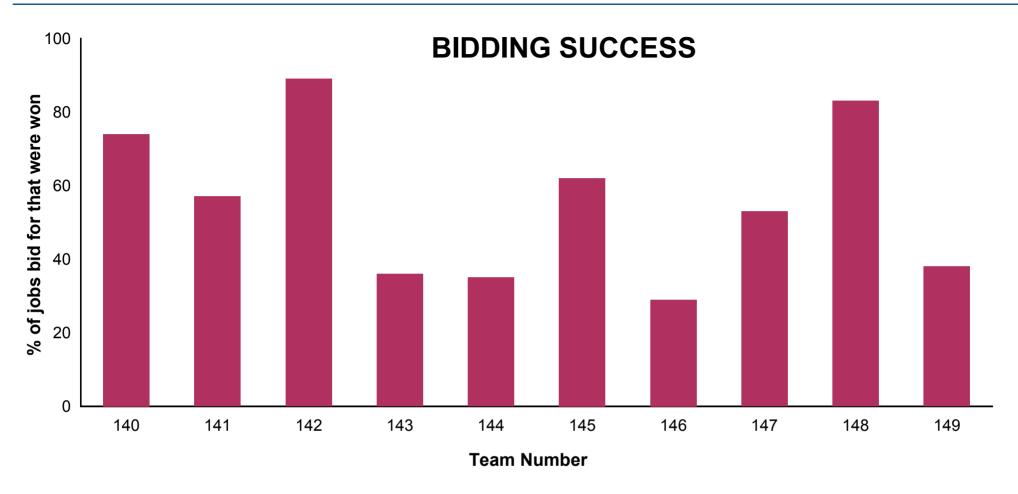
To grow the business it is essential that the company is able to win new work in a competitive bidding environment



JOBS WON AND LOST

Jobs won Jobs lost

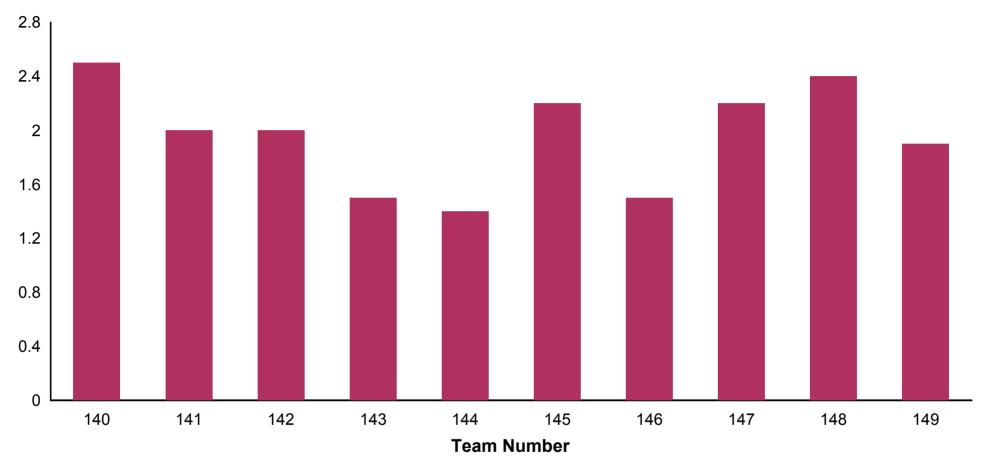
DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Bidding Success



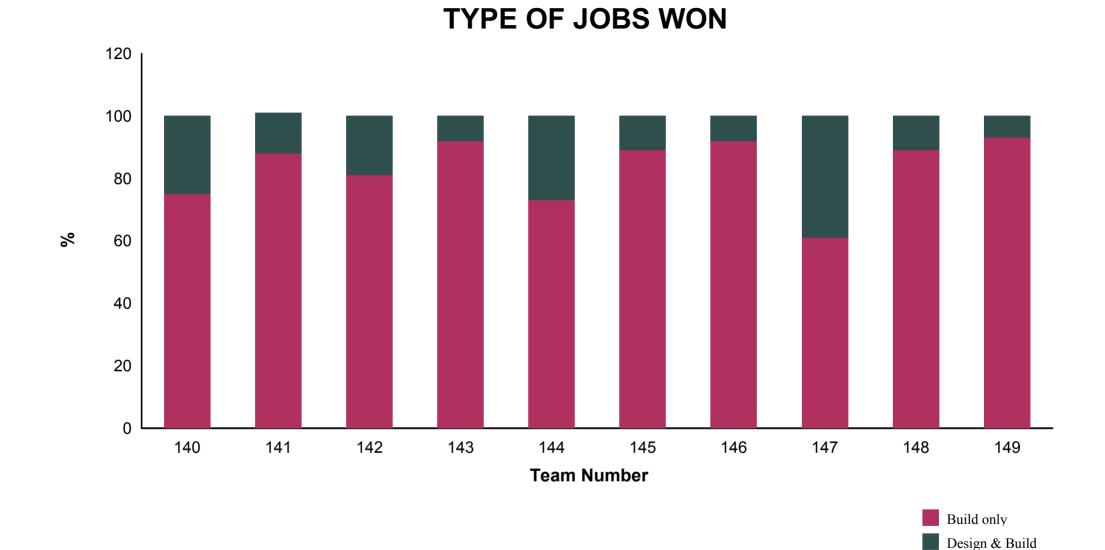
Every job that is bid for incurs a bidding cost putting the tender together, which increases overhead costs.

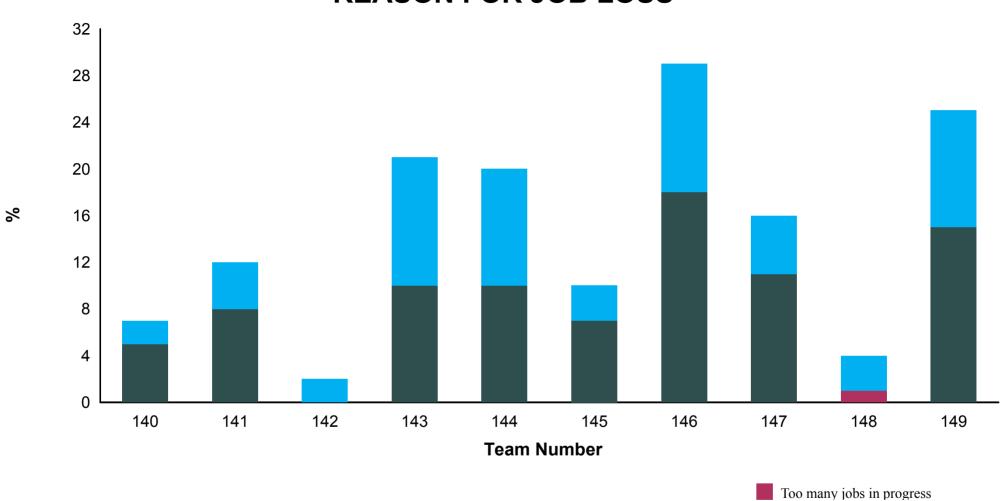
High bidding success keeps bidding costs to a minimum.





DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Type Of Jobs Won

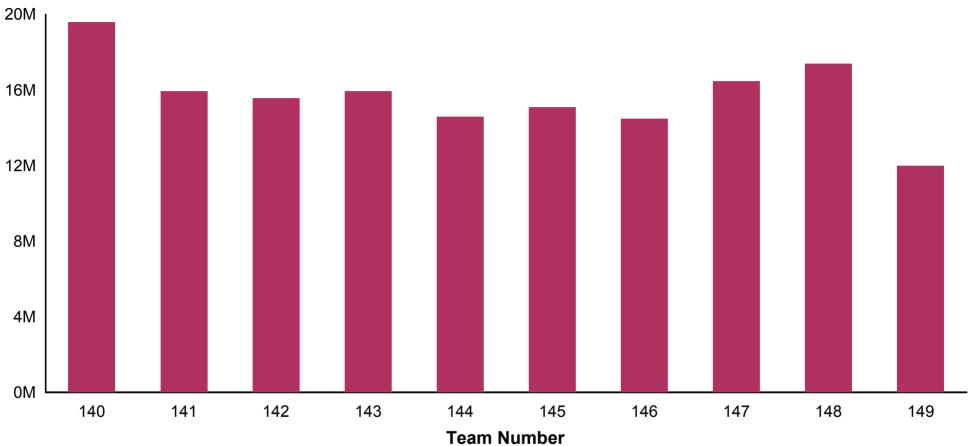




REASON FOR JOB LOSS

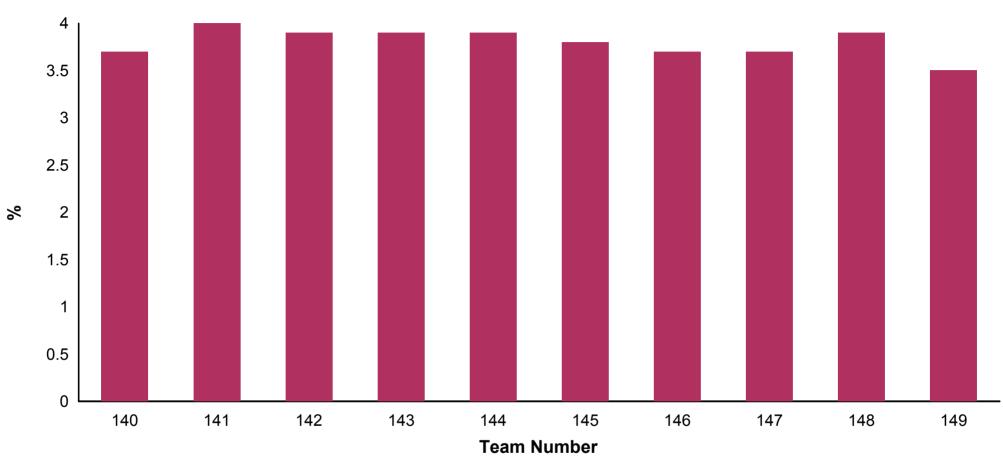
Capital base workload limitation

Bid too low Bid too high



AVERAGE VALUE OF WORK WON EACH PERIOD

DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Margin In Work Won

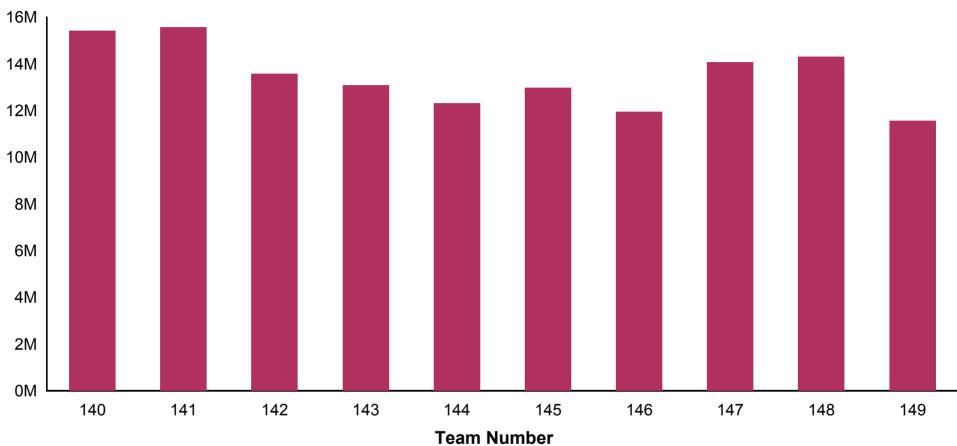


MARGIN IN WORK WON

DURING TIME IN CHARGE

TURNOVER

If the company is able to win more new work, this should be reflected in an increase in the turnover, or the amount of work progressed.



AVERAGE TURNOVER EACH PERIOD

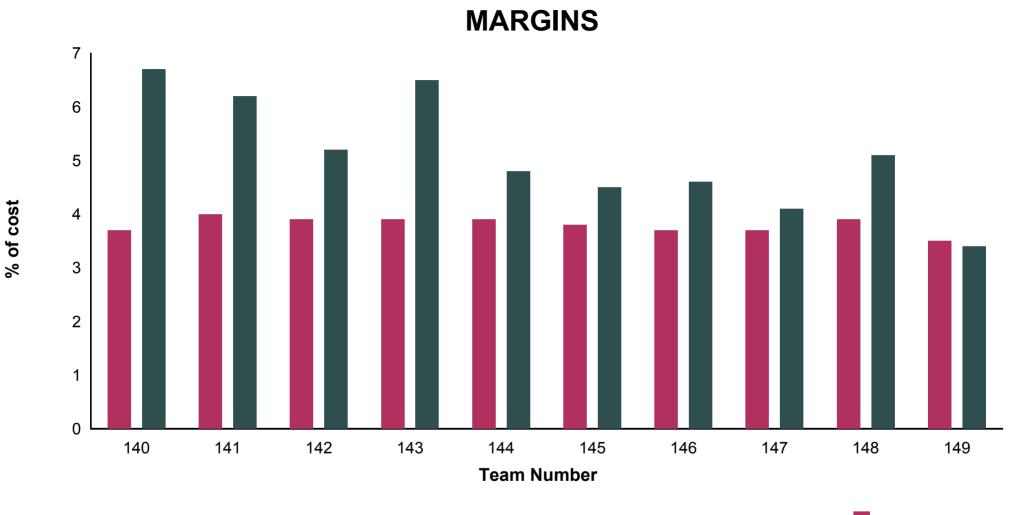
Identifying and securing new work ensures that the turnover (monies earned) across all jobs progressed is healthy.

DURING TIME IN CHARGE

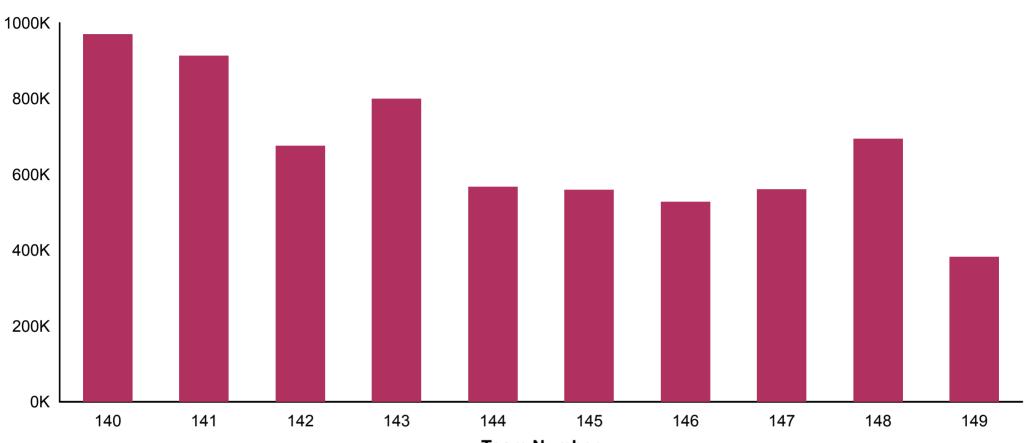
JOB PROFIT

Turnover is required to grow the business, but managing jobs in progress as profitably as possible is the key to improving the value of the business.

DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Margins

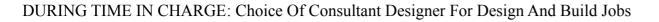


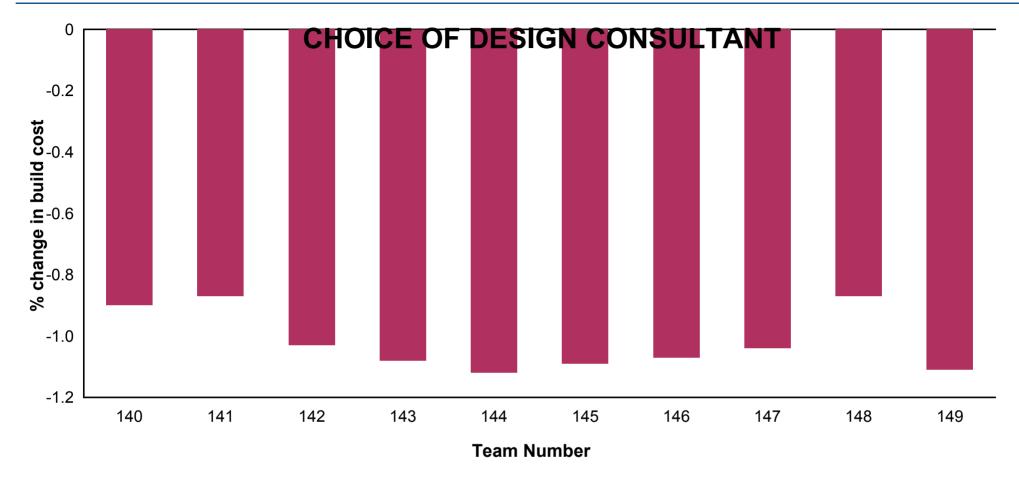
In the bid On jobs progressed



AVERAGE AMOUNT OF JOB PROFIT EACH PERIOD

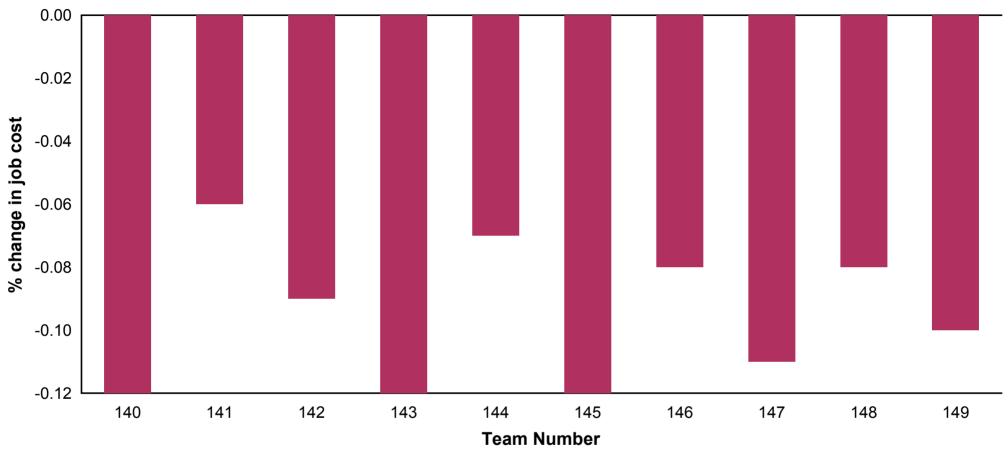
Team Number





The choice of design consultant for Design and Build jobs can have a significant impact on the build costs.

Consultants with appropriate expertise and BIM experience produce designs that reduce the expected build cost when a job is progressed, which improves the profit margin on the job.



IMPACT OF WORLD EVENTS

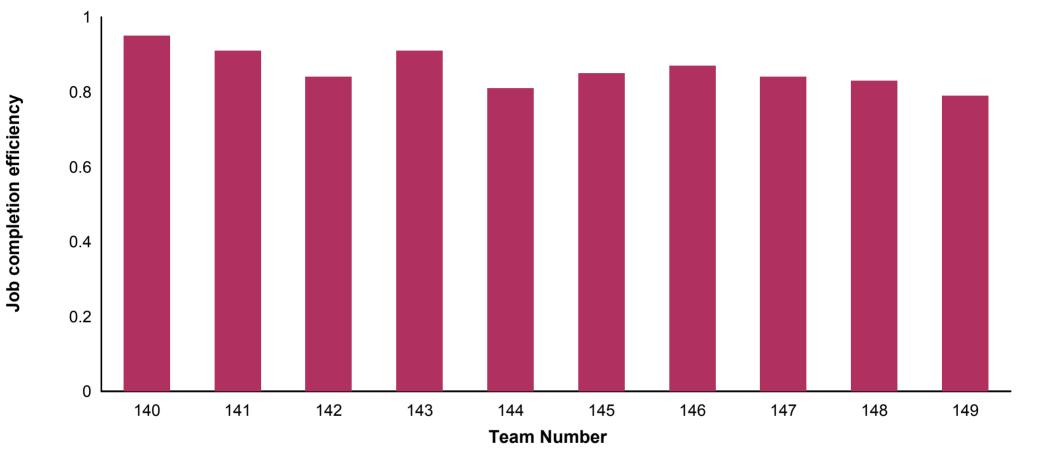
DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Job Completion



Early job completion earns a bonus from the client, frees off resources, and improves client relationship. Conversely, late completion incurs a penalty charge, and can significantly damage client relationship.



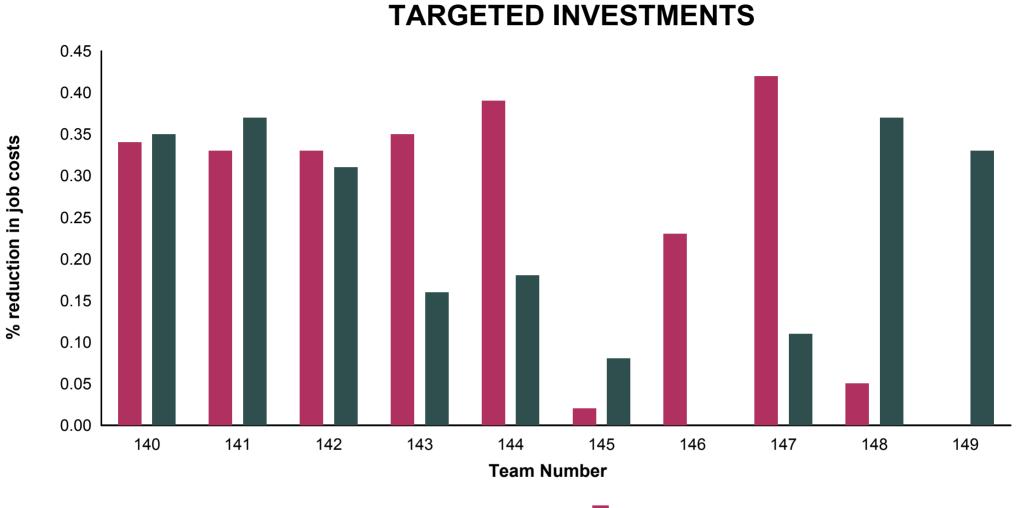
LABOUR MANAGEMENT



Completing jobs as efficiently as possible in terms of labour resourcing is key to maximising job profits.

The efficiency rating is from 0 to 1, where 1 is the optimum level.

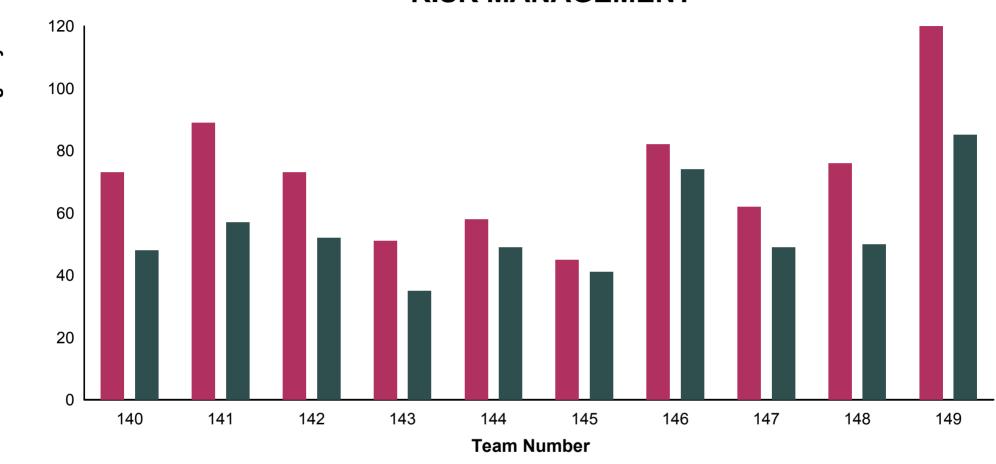
DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Targeted Investments



Targeted investments can reduce job costs, such as build and risk costs, significantly. Reduction in job costs due to build cost cost reductions

Reduction in job costs due to risk cost reductions

DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Risk Management

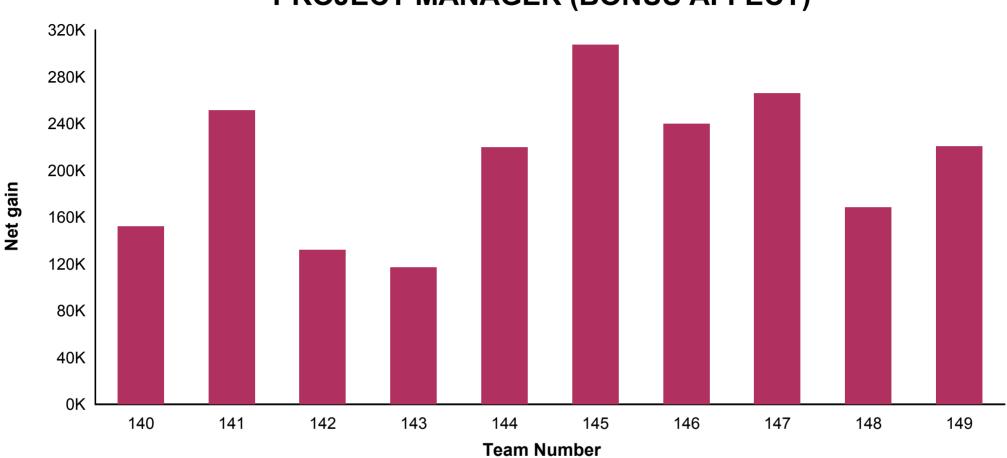


RISK MANAGEMENT

An effective risk management policy is crucial to keeping projects as profitable as possible.

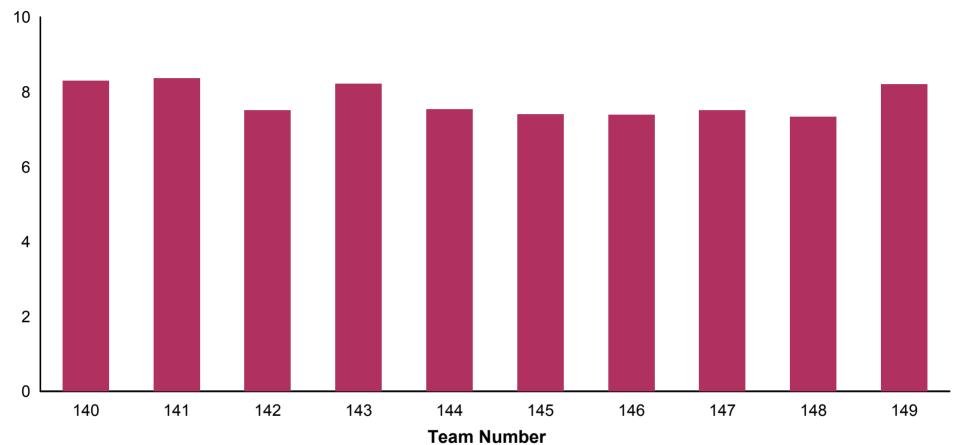


After mitigating actions



PROJECT MANAGER (BONUS AFFECT)

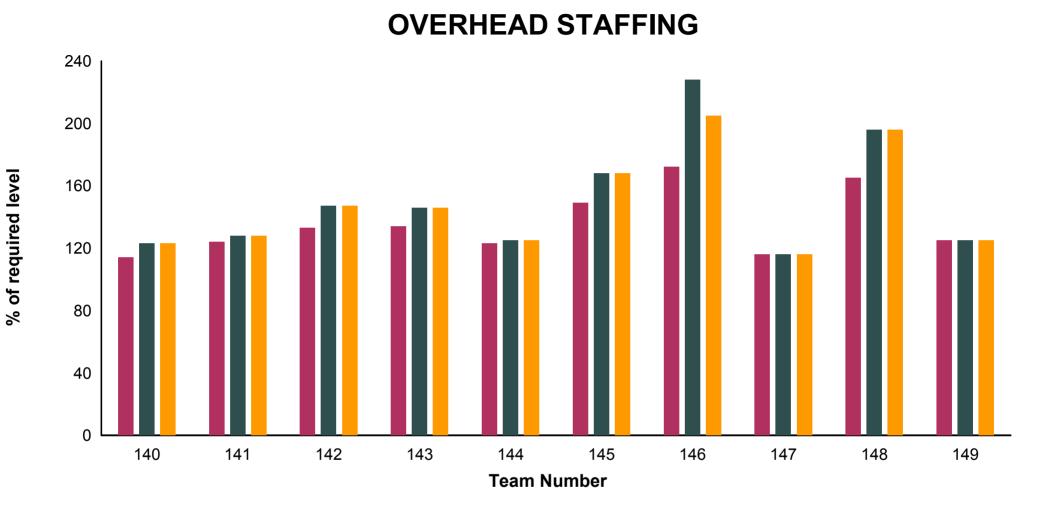
Paying a bonus to project managers not only prevents them from resigning, but can improve their productivity, with a potential net monetary gain (job profit).



PROJECT MANAGER (PERFORMANCE)

A project manager with well-matched experience for a particular type of job will handle available resources more efficiently, whilst a project manager with inappropriate experience will impair contract efficiency.

Project managers are weighted from 1 (Poor) to 10 (The best possible).

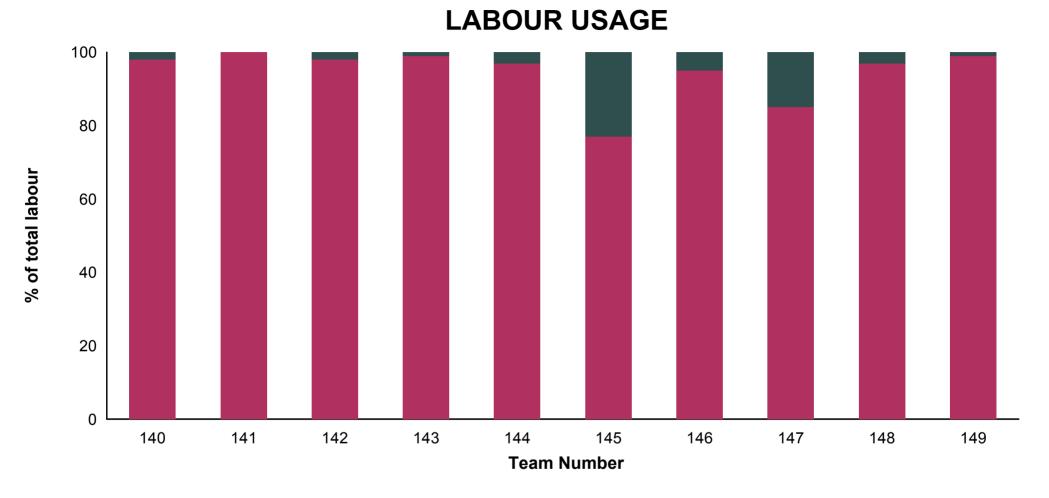


Efficient overhead management has a significant impact on operating profitability.

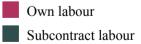
100% is the required level. Anything lower indicates understaffing, with an adverse affect on costs (Head Office and QHSE) or value (Measurement).



DURING TIME IN CHARGE: Labour Usage

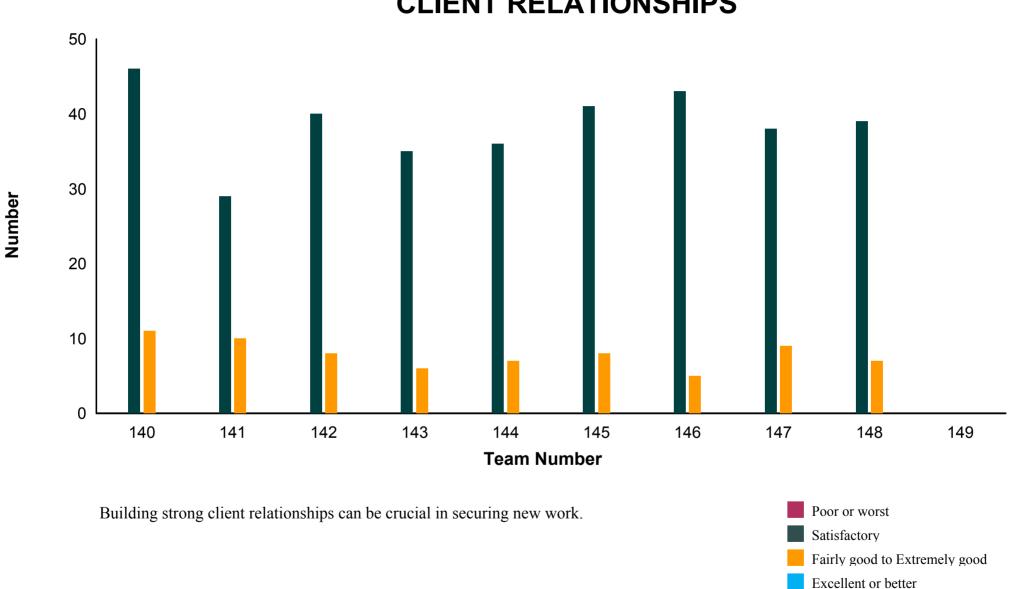


Subcontractor costs vary from country to country.



Excessive use of subcontractors can have an adverse affect on the morale of the company's own labour.

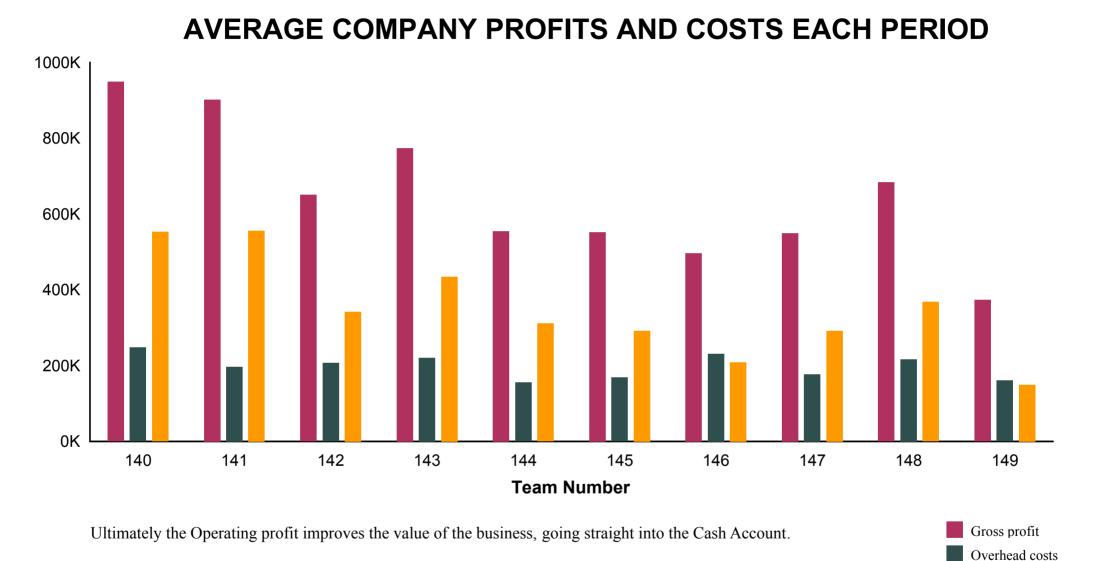
DURING TIME IN CHARGE: CLIENT RELATIONSHIPS



CLIENT RELATIONSHIPS

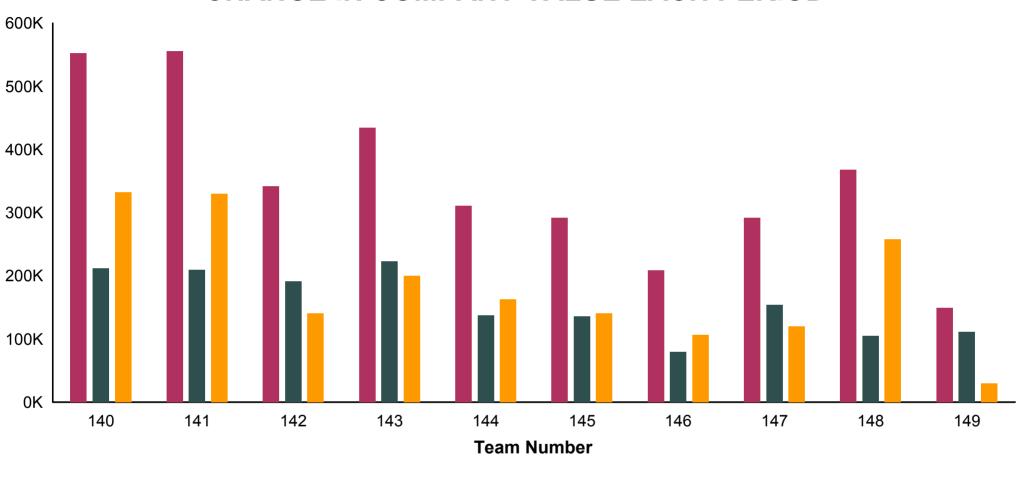
DURING TIME IN CHARGE

CHANGE IN COMPANY VALUE



OPERATING PROFIT = GROSS PROFIT - OVERHEAD COSTS

Operating profit



CHANGE IN COMPANY VALUE EACH PERIOD

The value of the company is reduced by paying dividends to shareholders.

So long as the dividend payments are offset by higher operating profit, the value of the business will continue to rise.

