

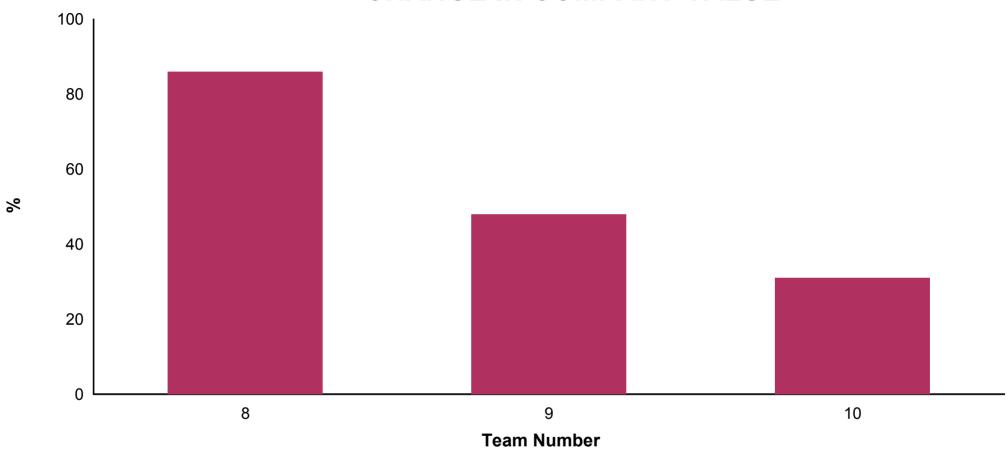
#### **Enginuity 2024 Competition**

#### COMPARATIVE ASSESSMENT OF TEAMS REPORT FOR ARCADIS

**CURRENT POSITION DURING TIME IN CHARGE PROCUREMENT** COMPANY PROFITABILITY COMPANY VALUE **JOB PROGRESSION** Average Average Average Average Average value of amount amount Average amount change in Chg in job work Average Average gross amount operating Average company Share won each margin profit profit overhead profit dividend value No. t/over of Chg in **Price** F/ward F/ward Market period in jobs each each each cost each each paid each each job Value Value W/load Margin Share period period profit period period period period period No. Name won Constructive Chaos 3.5 % 20.6 m 7.3 % 86 % 163 % 44.4 m 30 % 3.8 % 16.9 m 1.2 m 1,144,939 213,698 732,566 186,157 532,134 The Arcade 119 % 22 % 14.9 m 6.0 % 213,130 480,567 188,621 48 % 37.8 m 3.6 % 17.8 m 4.0 % 0.8 m829,357 296,711 10 Rubble Repairs Pty Ltd 8 31 % 87 % 29.2 m 3.7 % 22 % 18.2 m 3.9 % 16.3 m 0.8 m5.0 % 768,056 214,382 436,806 227,125 192,937

# **CURRENT POSITION**

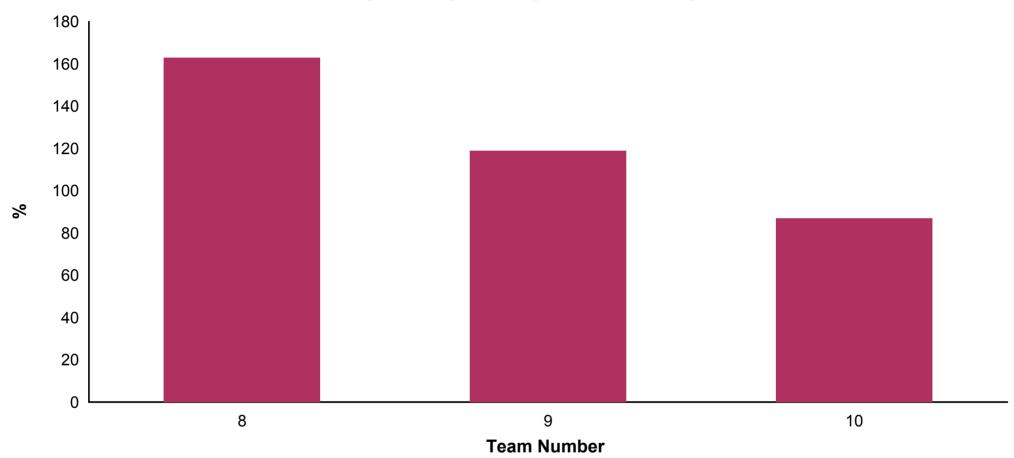
#### **CHANGE IN COMPANY VALUE**



The key to growing the business successfully is in improving its value.

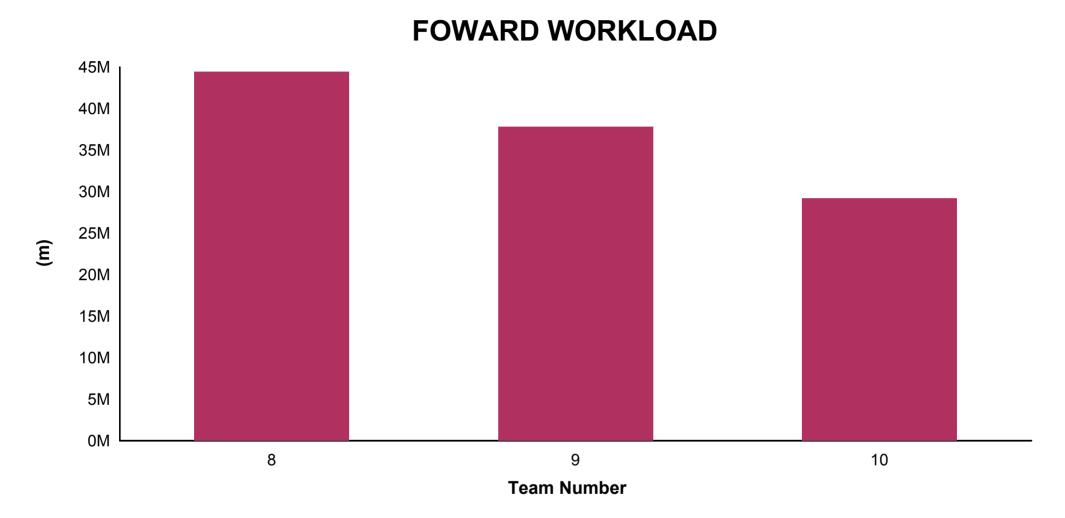
This is achieved by winning plenty of new work, progressing jobs profitably and keeping overhead costs under control.

#### **CHANGE IN SHARE PRICE**



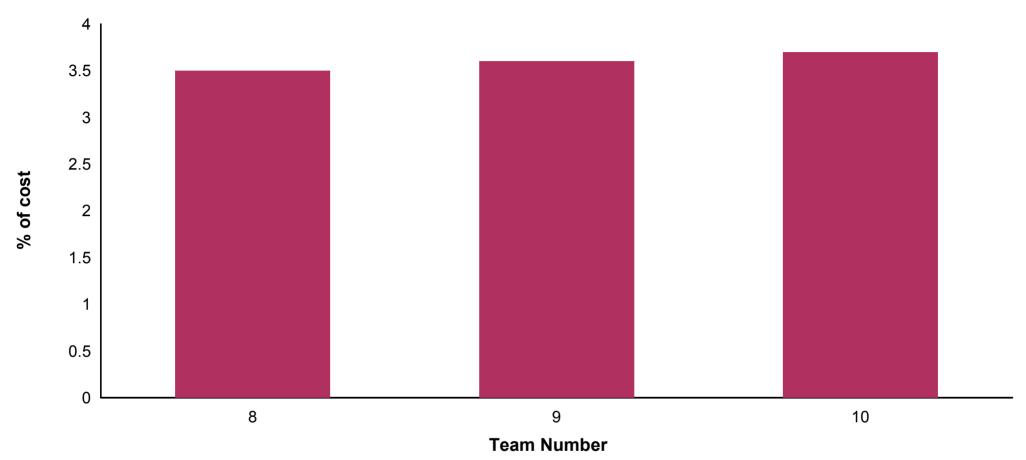
The company's share price is one of the key performance indicators in measuring the success or failure of the company, with a rising share price signifying increasing industry confidence in the fortunes of the company.

The share price is influenced by the level of dividend paid to the shareholders, the value of the company, the future profitability of the company and the debt burden (gearing ratio) of the company.



As well as past performance, the future outlook in terms of forward workload is key to the future prosperity of the business.

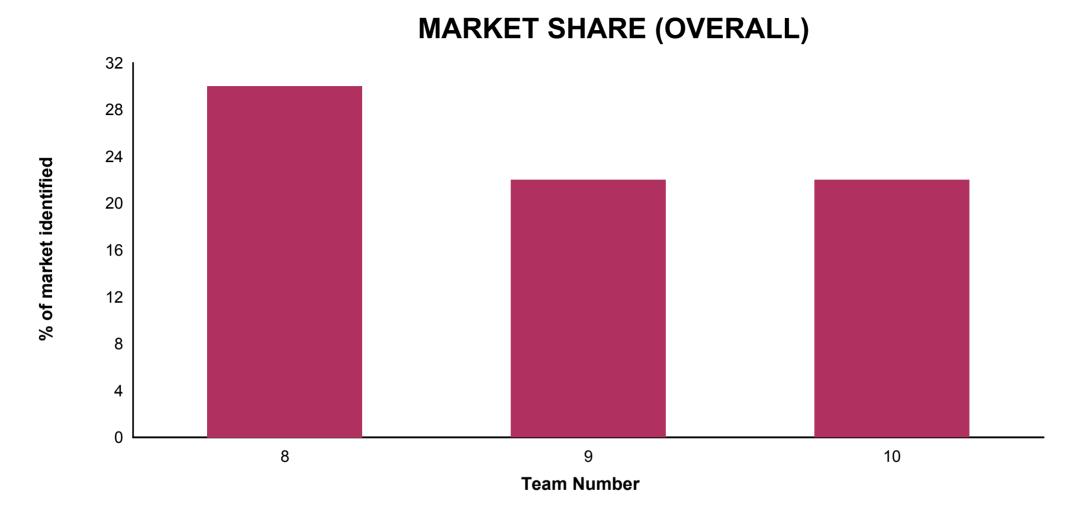
### **FOWARD MARGIN**



Forward workload needs to be profitable, and the forward margin measures this.

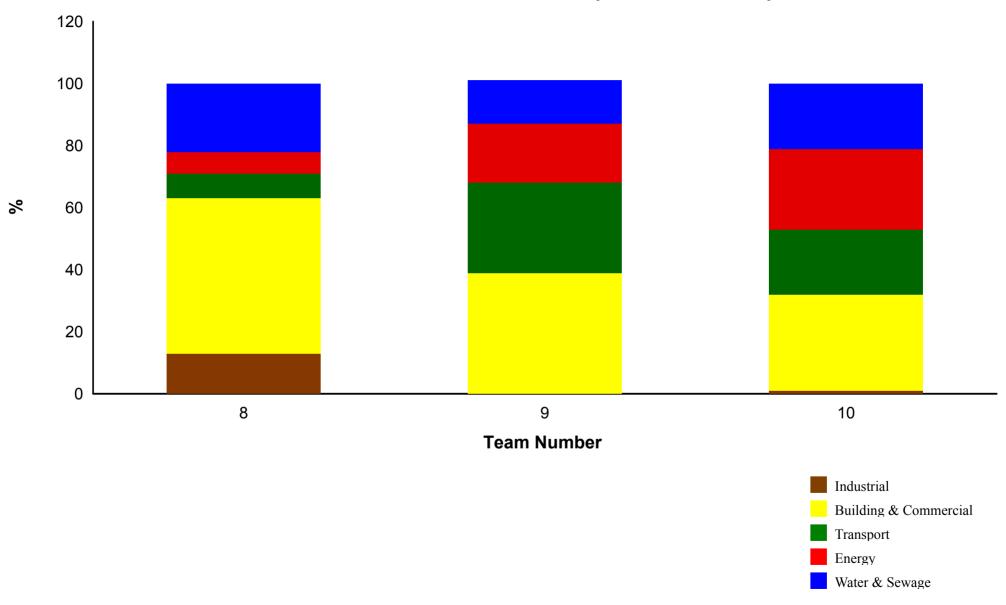
# IDENTIFYING NEW WORK

Market share is increased by identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas)

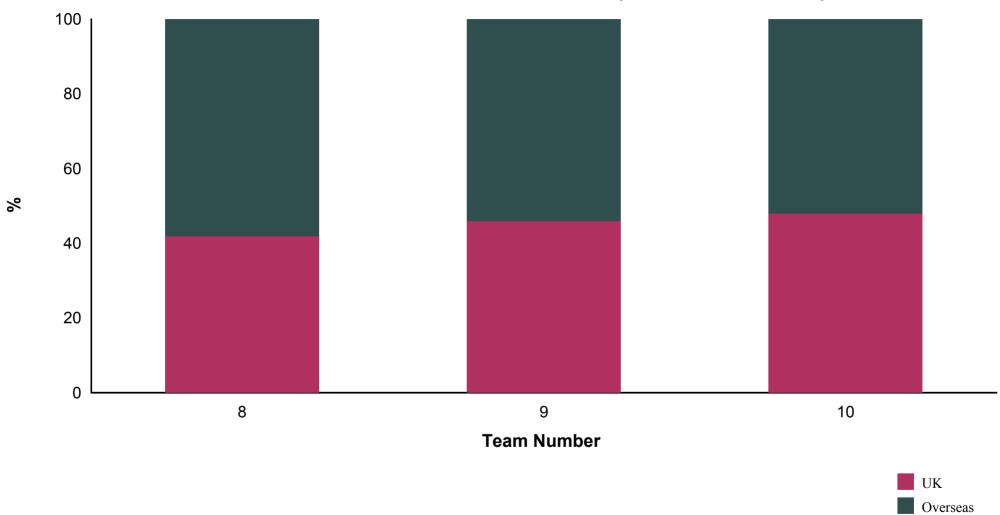


Developing an effective marketing strategy, and identifying new work in different sectors and locations (UK/Overseas) is critical to enable the business to grow by securing jobs through competitive bidding.

# MARKET SHARE SPLIT (BY SECTOR)



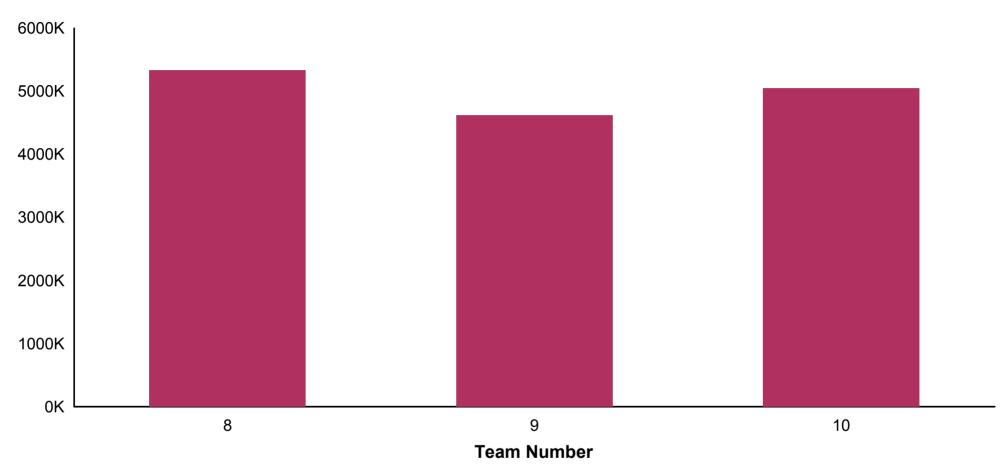
# MARKET SHARE SPLIT (BY LOCATION)



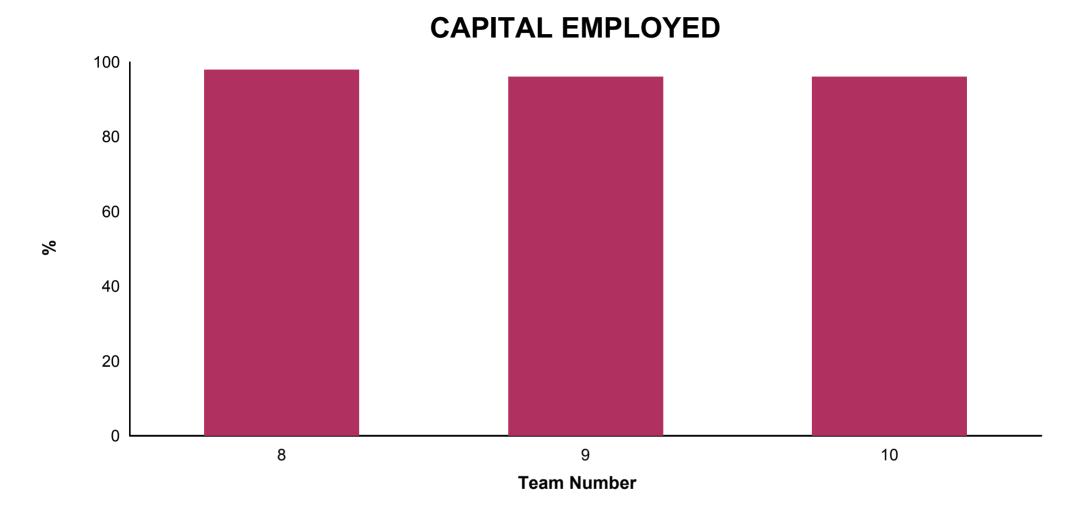
# EXPANDING THE COMPANY INFRASTRUCTURE

Having identified new work through the marketing decisions, the amount of new work that could be potentially won depends upon the size of the company's infrastructure, or capital base.

#### **AVERAGE CAPITAL BASE SIZE EACH PERIOD**



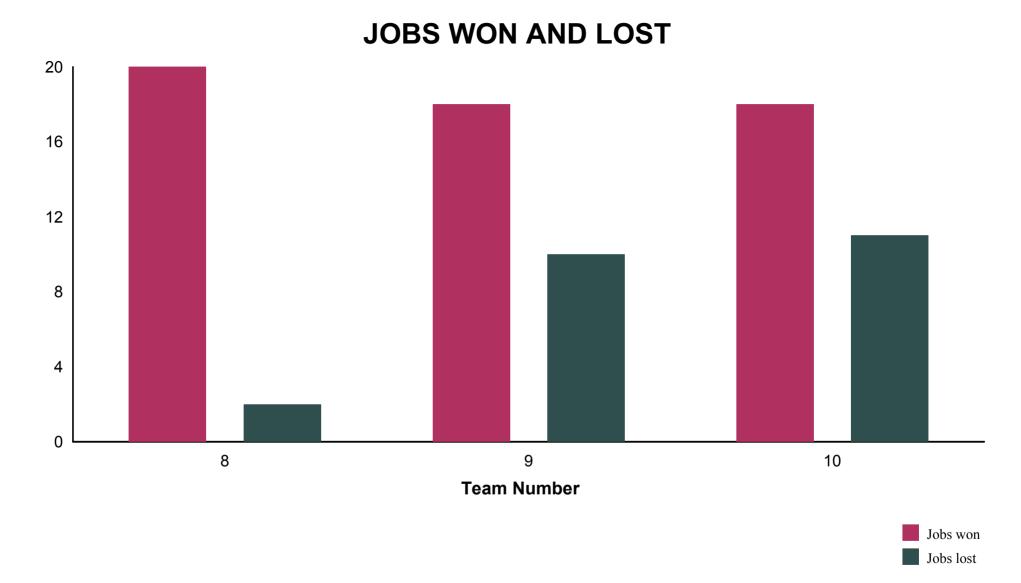
Expanding the company's capital base (infrastructure) enables more work to be underaken, and potentially more growth.

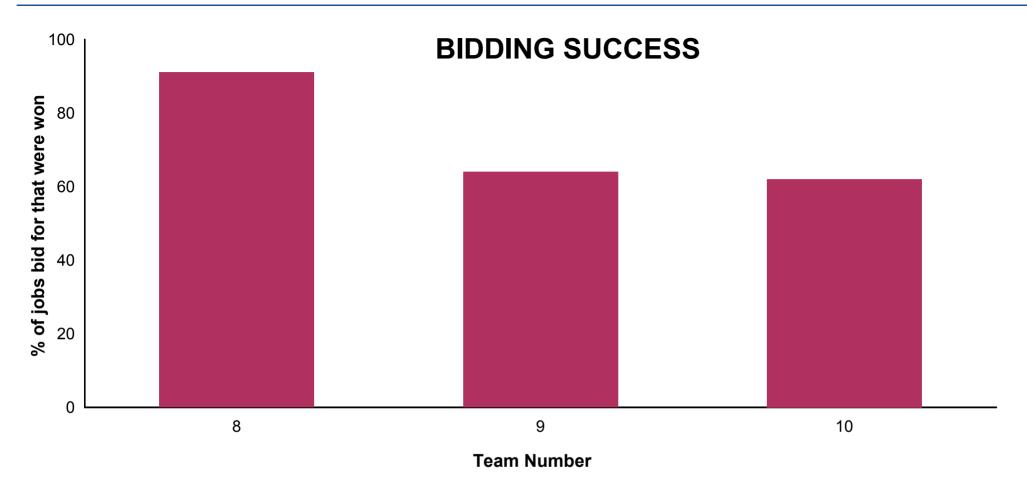


The Capital Employed measures how much of the company's capital base (infrastructure) is being utilised through winning new work.

### WINNING NEW WORK

To grow the business it is essential that the company is able to win new work in a competitive bidding environment

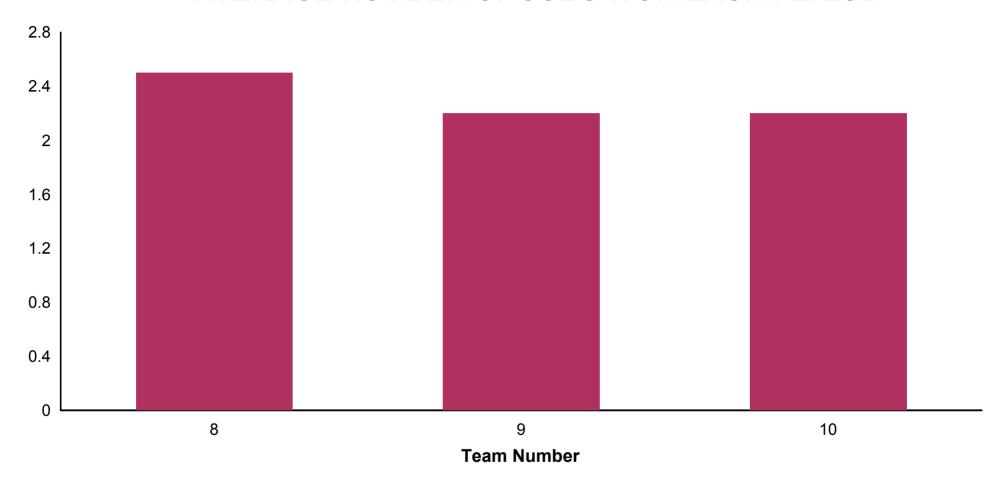


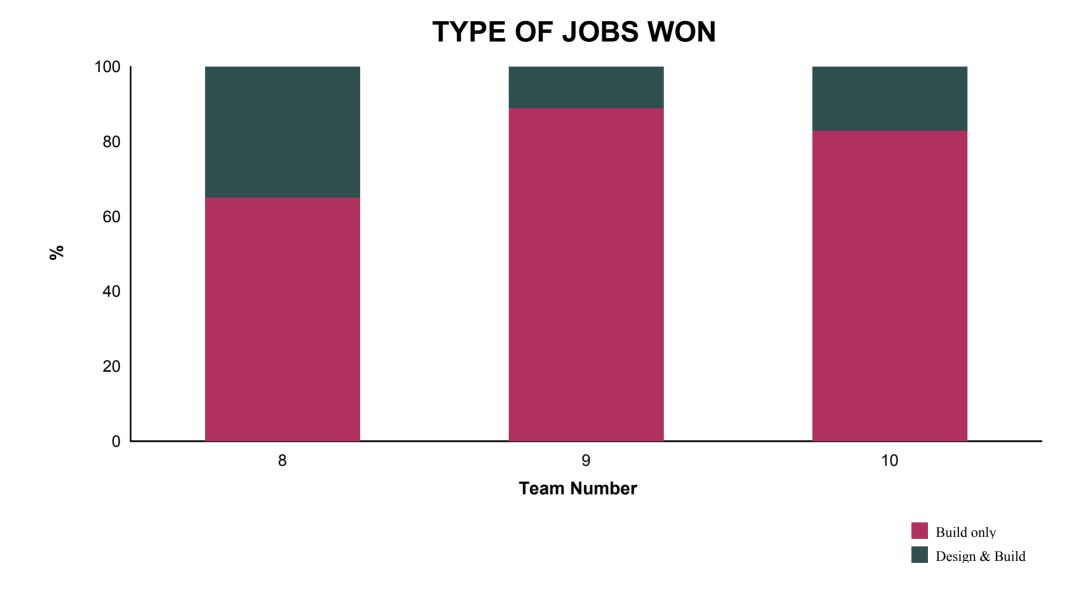


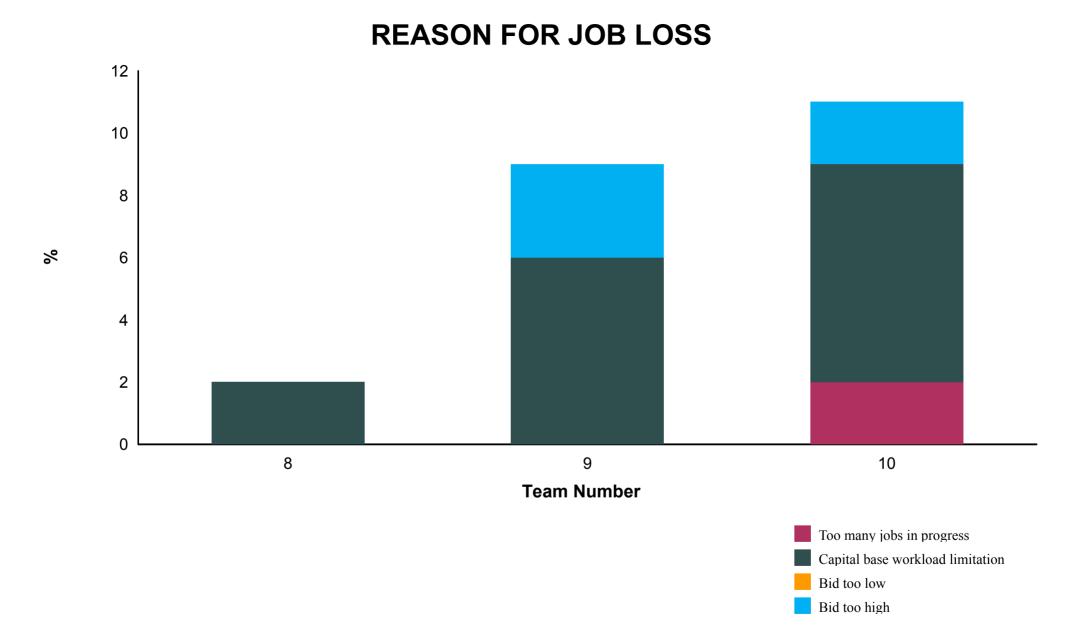
Every job that is bid for incurs a bidding cost putting the tender together, which increases overhead costs.

High bidding success keeps bidding costs to a minimum.

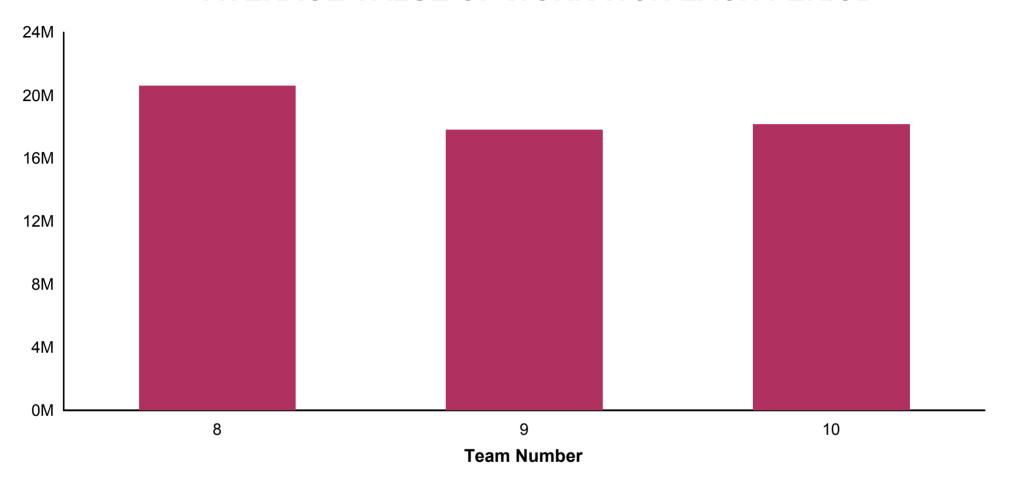
#### **AVERAGE NUMBER OF JOBS WON EACH PERIOD**



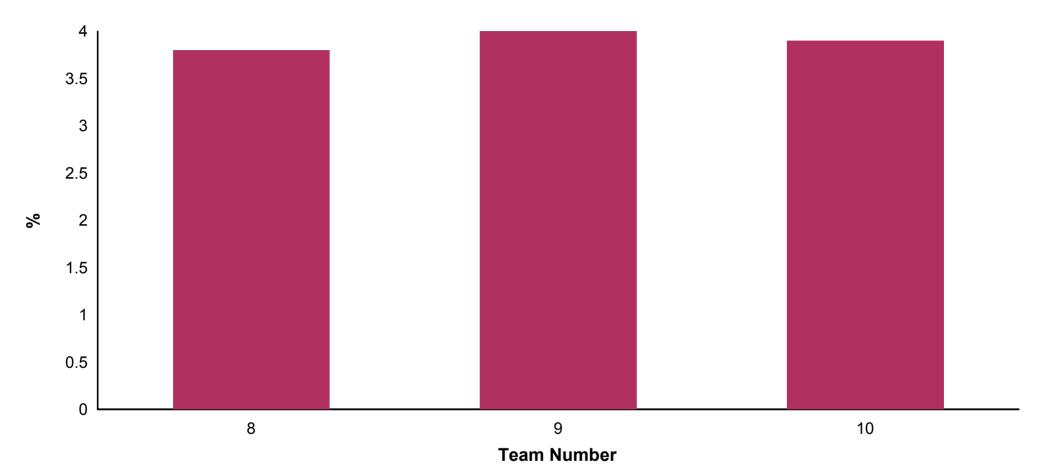




#### **AVERAGE VALUE OF WORK WON EACH PERIOD**



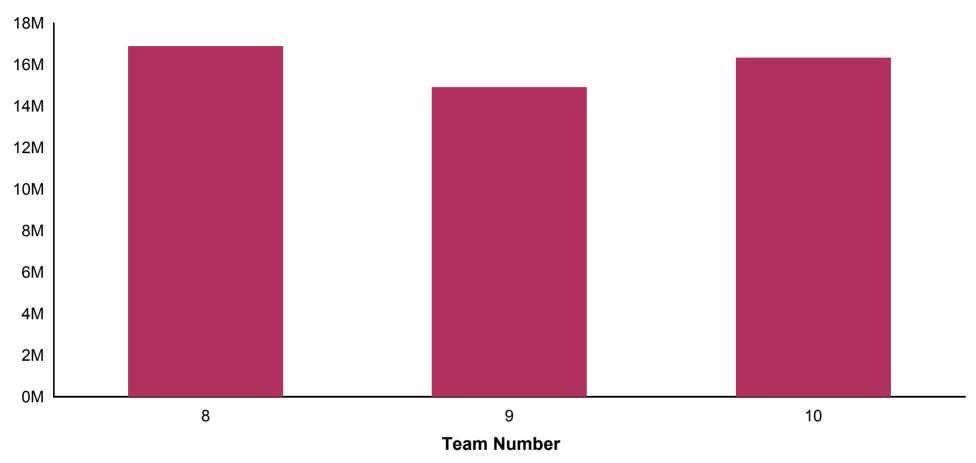
### **MARGIN IN WORK WON**



# **TURNOVER**

If the company is able to win more new work, this should be reflected in an increase in the turnover, or the amount of work progressed.

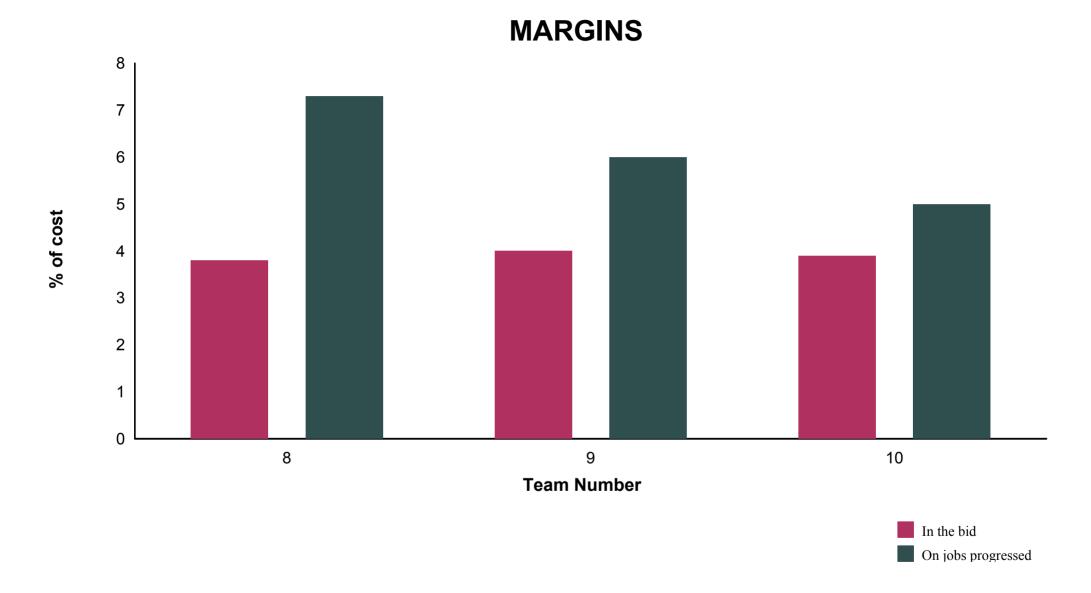
#### **AVERAGE TURNOVER EACH PERIOD**



Identifying and securing new work ensures that the turnover (monies earned) across all jobs progressed is healthy.

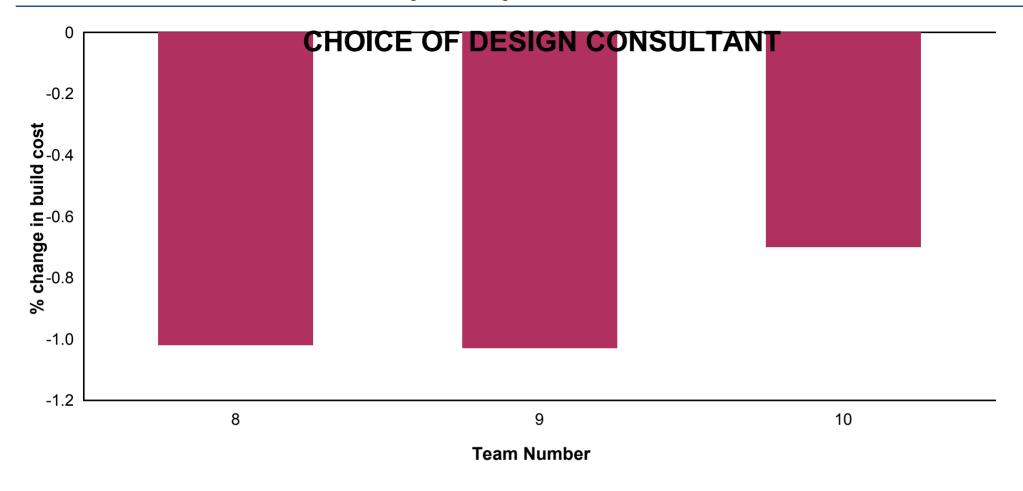
# **JOB PROFIT**

Turnover is required to grow the business, but managing jobs in progress as profitably as possible is the key to improving the value of the business.



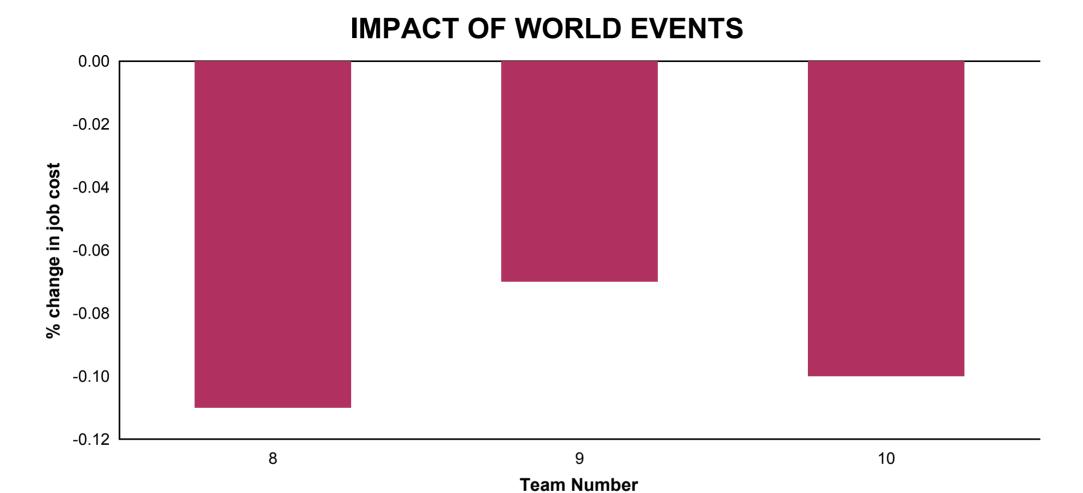
### **AVERAGE AMOUNT OF JOB PROFIT EACH PERIOD**

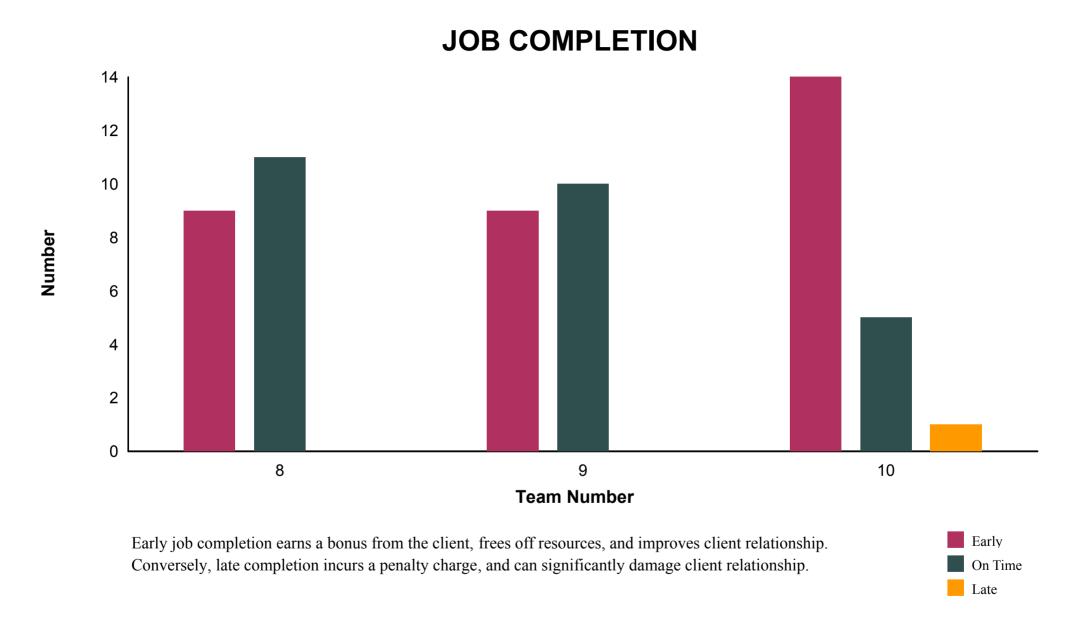




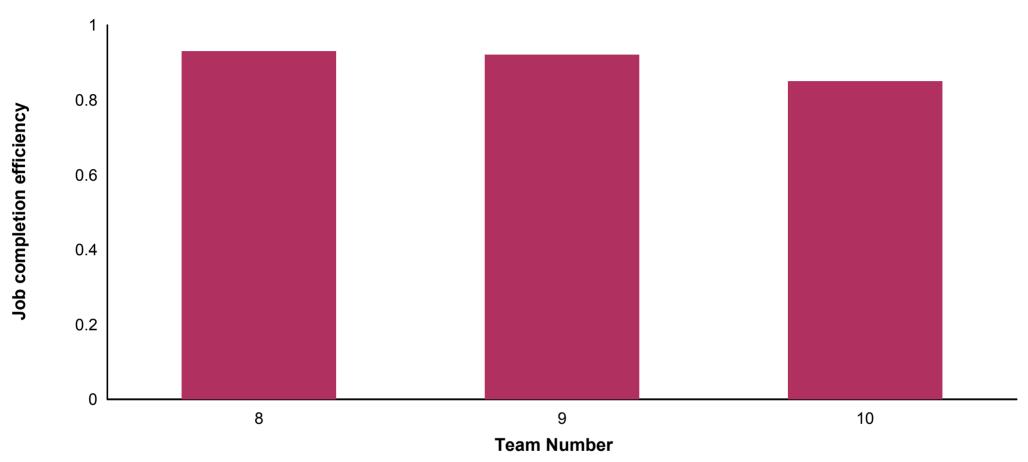
The choice of design consultant for Design and Build jobs can have a significant impact on the build costs.

Consultants with appropriate expertise and BIM experience produce designs that reduce the expected build cost when a job is progressed, which improves the profit margin on the job.



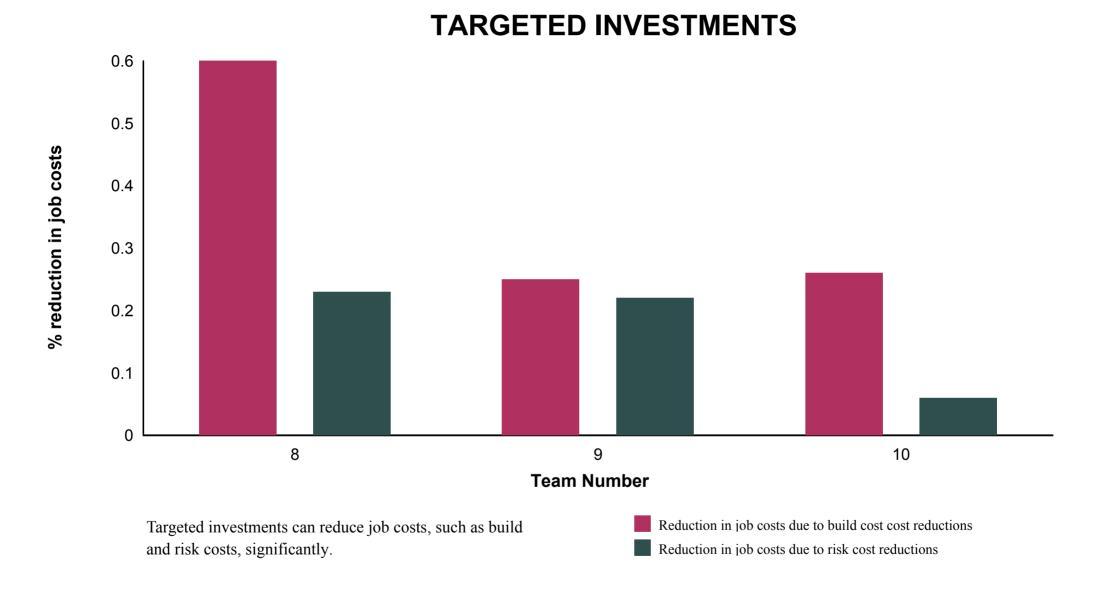


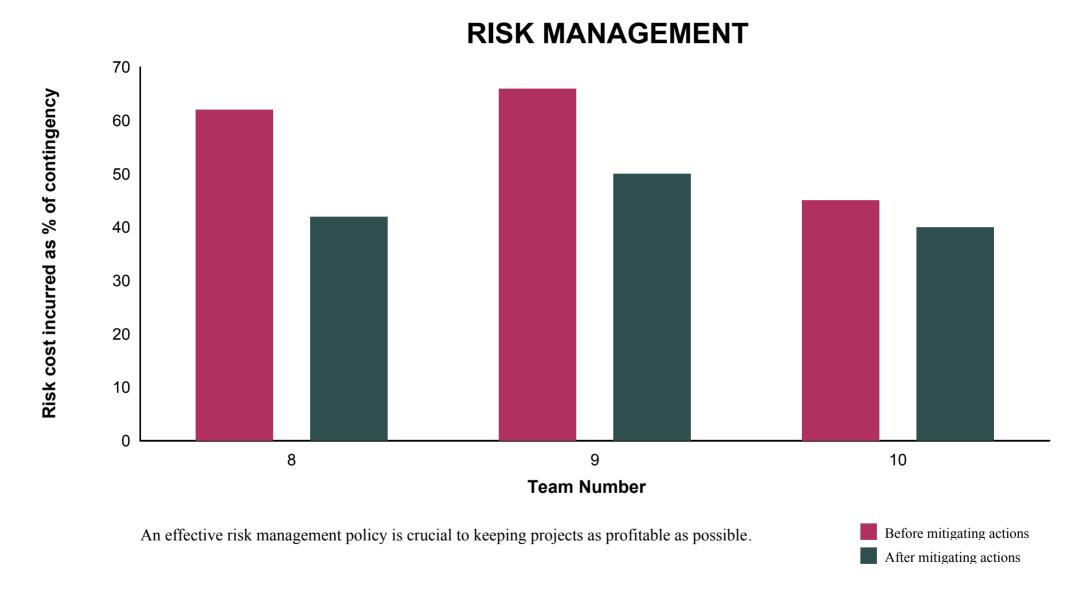
#### LABOUR MANAGEMENT



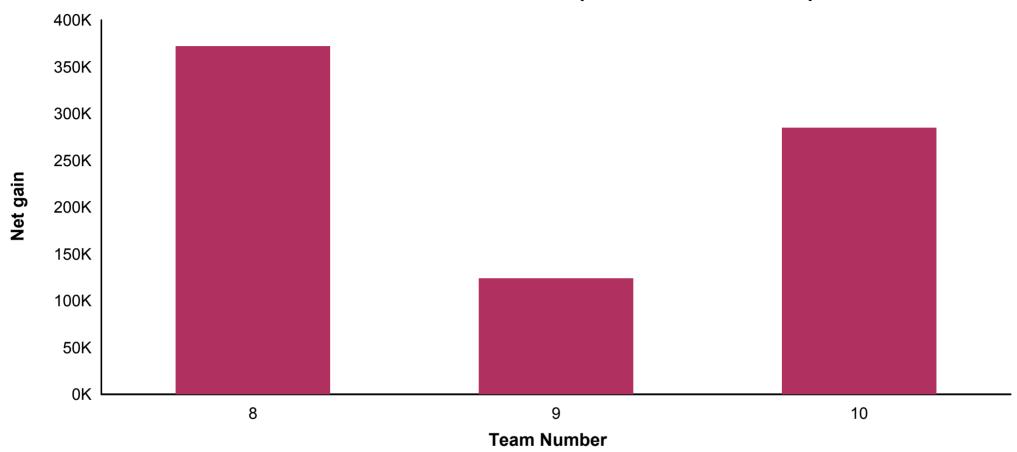
Completing jobs as efficiently as possible in terms of labour resourcing is key to maximising job profits.

The efficiency rating is from 0 to 1, where 1 is the optimum level.



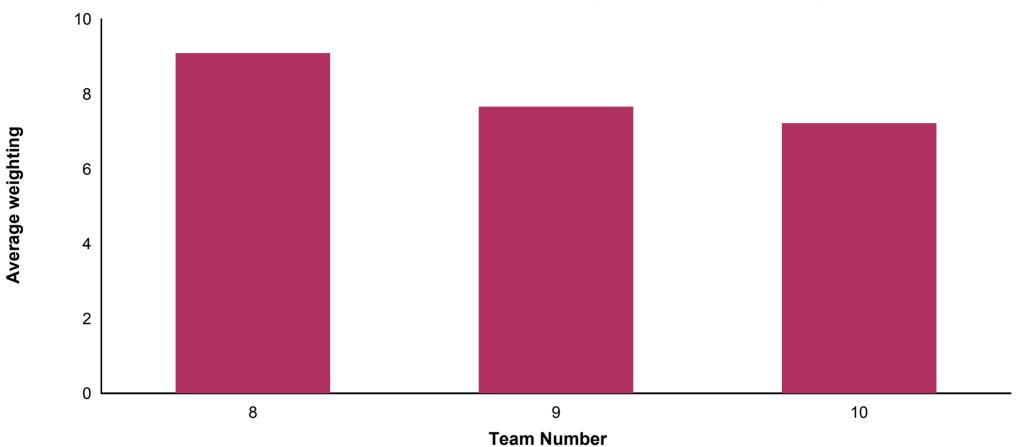


### **PROJECT MANAGER (BONUS AFFECT)**



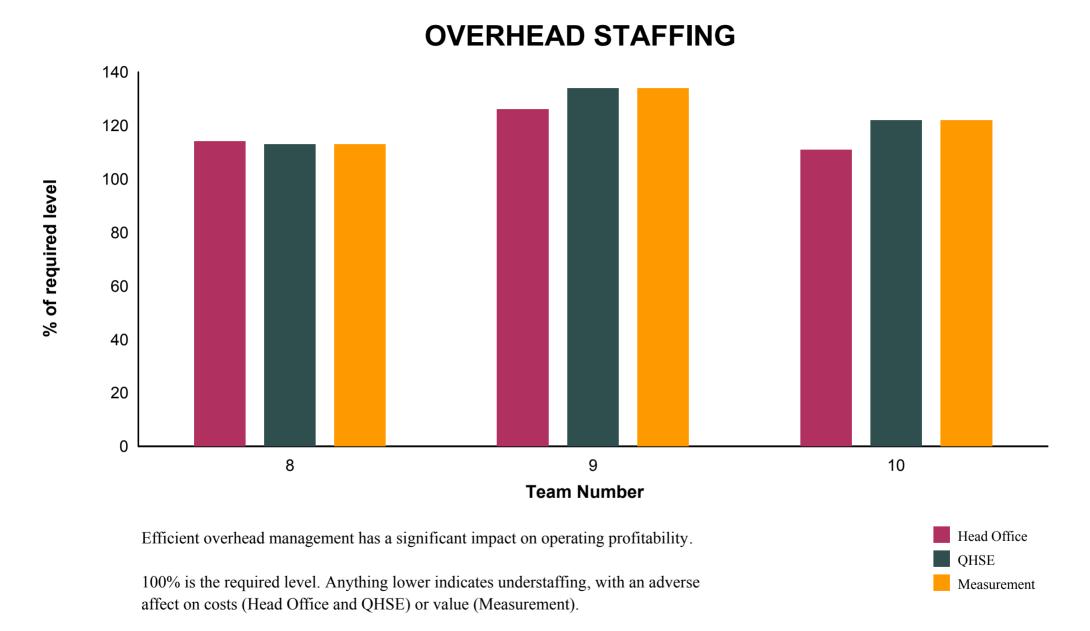
Paying a bonus to project managers not only prevents them from resigning, but can improve their productivity, with a potential net monetary gain (job profit).

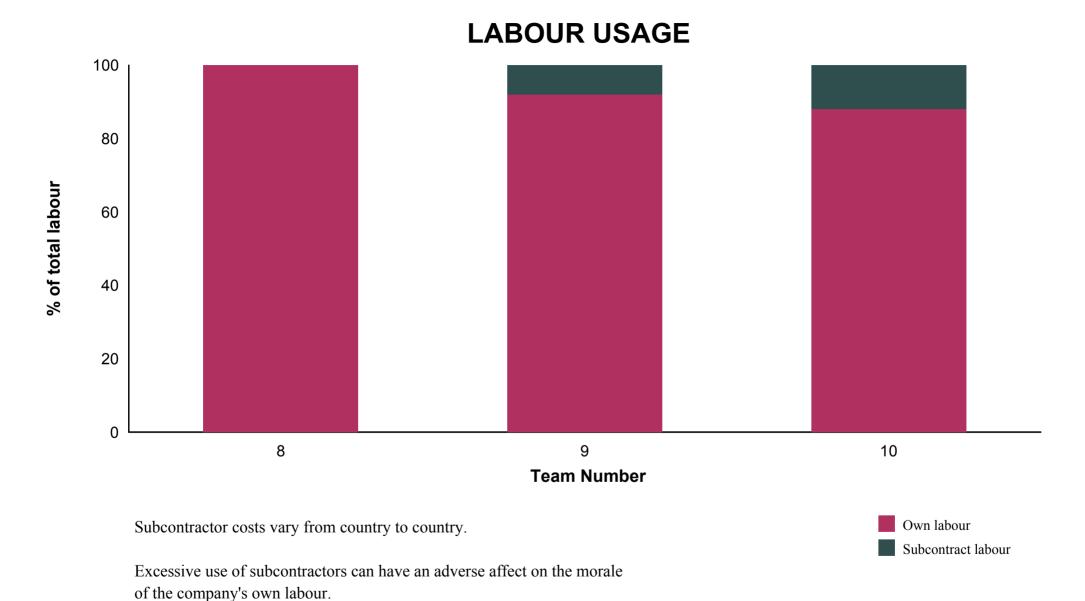
### PROJECT MANAGER (PERFORMANCE)

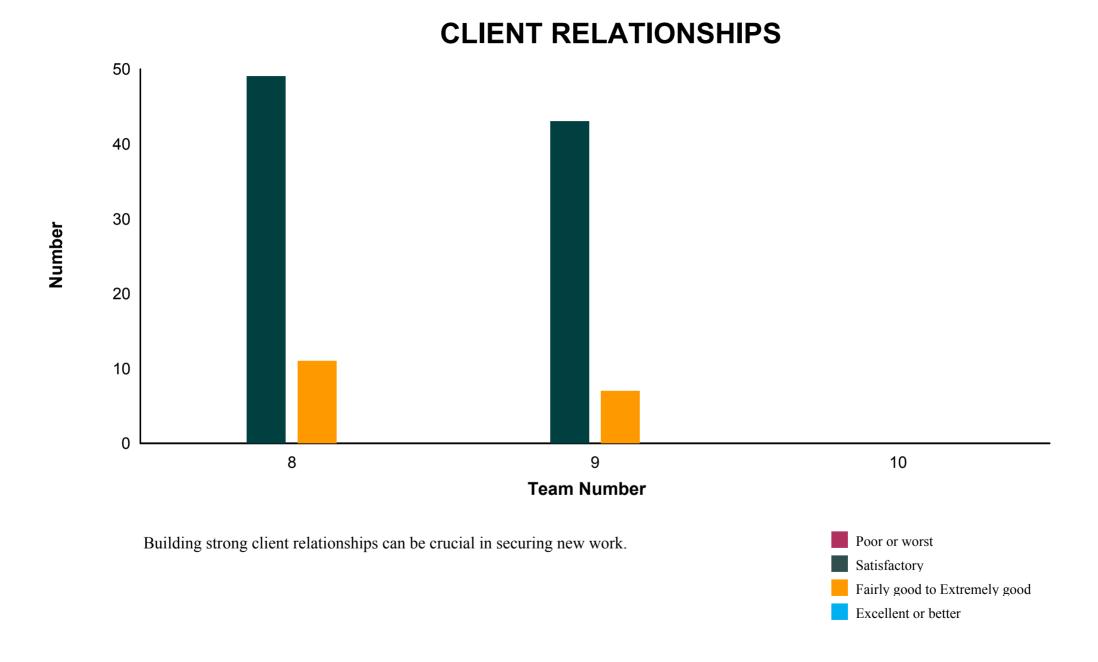


A project manager with well-matched experience for a particular type of job will handle available resources more efficiently, whilst a project manager with inappropriate experience will impair contract efficiency.

Project managers are weighted from 1 (Poor) to 10 (The best possible).

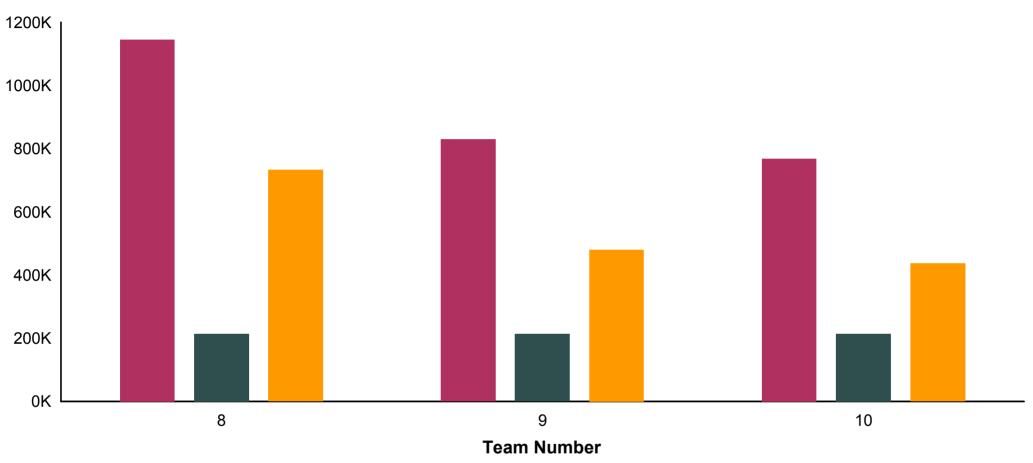






### CHANGE IN COMPANY VALUE

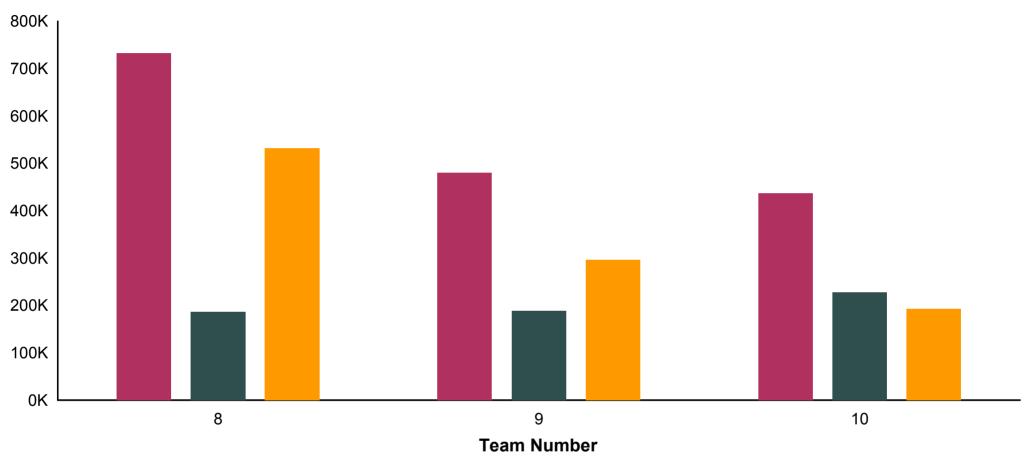
#### **AVERAGE COMPANY PROFITS AND COSTS EACH PERIOD**



Ultimately the Operating profit improves the value of the business, going straight into the Cash Account.

OPERATING PROFIT = GROSS PROFIT - OVERHEAD COSTS

#### **CHANGE IN COMPANY VALUE EACH PERIOD**



The value of the company is reduced by paying dividends to shareholders.

So long as the dividend payments are offset by higher operating profit, the value of the business will continue to rise.

